# Mega-Pixel 197138 NETWORK CAMERA User's Manual



**IP Surveillance** 

Product Name:	Network Camera (IP7138)
Release Date:	2008/03/05
Manual Revision:	2.2
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# **Before You Use This Product**

The use of surveillance devices may be prohibited by law in your country. The Network Camera is not only a high-performance web-ready camera but also can be part of a flexible surveillance system. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the operation of such devices is legal before installing this unit for its intended use.

It is important to first verify that all contents received are complete according to the list in the "Package Contents" chapter. Take notice of the warnings in "Quick installation guide" before the Network Camera is installed, then carefully read and follow the instructions in the "Installation" chapter to avoid damages due to faulty assembly and installation. This also ensures the product is used properly as intended.

The Network Camera is a network device and its use should be straightforward for those who have basic network knowledge. The "Troubleshooting" chapter in the Appendix provides remedies to the most common errors in set up and configuration. You should consult this chapter first if you run into a system error.

The Network Camera is designed for various applications including video sharing, general security/surveillance, etc. The "How to Use" chapter suggests ways to best utilize the Network Camera and ensure proper operations. For the creative and professional developers, the "URL Commands of The Network Camera " chapter serves to be a helpful reference to customize existing homepages or integrating with the current web server.

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# **Package Contents**

IP7138



#### Power adapter



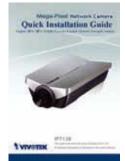
#### Camera stand



Software CD



#### Quick installation guide



#### Warranty card



# Installation

In this manual, "User" refers to whoever has access to the Network Camera, and "Administrator" refers to the person who can configure the Network Camera and grant user access to the camera.

# **Hardware installation**



Please verify that your product package contains all the accessories listed in the foregoing Package Contents. Depending on the user's application, an Ethernet cable may be needed. The Ethernet cable should meet the specs of UTP Category 5 and not exceed 100 meters in length.

Connect the power adapter jack to the Network Camera before plugging in to the power socket. This will reduce the risk of accidental electric shock.

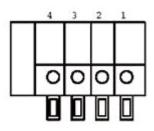
Upon powering up, the LED will become lighted first and then the device will go through booting process. The LED will be steady orange for getting IP address. After getting IP Address, the LED will blink green every second and the red-color is always on.

The Network Camera will first detect Ethernet. Operating in either network mode, the LED will blink green-color as heartbeat to indicate alive.

#### To install in Ethernet

Make sure the Ethernet is firmly connected to a switch hub. After attaching the Ethernet cable plug in the power adapter. If the LED turns out to blink green-color, go to next paragraph "Software installation". If the Ethernet is not available, Network Camera will switch to wireless LAN mode.

This Network Camera provides a general I/O terminal block with one digital input and one digital output device control. The pin definition is as below.



- 1. Digital output
- 2. Digital input
- 3. DC power
- 4. Ground

### Software installation

At the end of the hardware installation, users can use Installation Wizard program included in the product CDROM to find the location of the Network Camera. There may be many Network Cameras in the local network. Users can differentiate the Network Cameras with the serial number. The serial number is printed on the labels on the carton and the back of the Network Camera body. Please refer to the user's manual of Installation Wizard for detail.

Once installation is complete, the Administrator should proceed to the next section "Initial access to the Network Camera" for necessary checks and configurations.

# **Initial Access to the Network Camera**

#### **Check Network Settings**

The Network Camera can be connected either before or immediately after software installation onto the Local Area Network. The Administrator should complete the network settings on the configuration page, including the correct subnet mask and IP address of gateway and DNS. Ask your network administrator or Internet service provider for the detail information. By default the Network Camera requires the Administrator to run installation every time it reboots. If the network settings are to remain unchanged, disable the Install option. Refer to "Network settings" on the System Configuration page for details. If any setting is entered incorrectly and cannot proceed to setting up the Network Camera, restore the factory settings following the steps in the "Troubleshooting" chapter of the Appendix.

#### Add Password to prevent Unauthorized Access

The default Administrator's password is blank and the Network Camera initially will not ask for any password. The Administrator should immediately implement a new password as a matter of prudent security practice. Once the Administrator's password is saved, the Network Camera will ask for the user's name and password before each access. The Administrator can set up a maximum of twenty (20) user accounts. Each user can access the Network Camera except to perform system configuration. Some critical functions are exclusive for the Administrator, such as system configuration, user administration, and software upgrades. The user name for the Administrator is permanently assigned as "root". Once the password is changed, the browser will display an authentication window to ask for the new password. **Once the password is set, there is no provision to recover the Administrator's password. The only option is to restore to the original factory default settings.** 

### How to Use

A PC with Windows operating system can use the Internet Explorer to connect to the Network Camera. A plug-in will be installed into the IE when it is connected for the first time. A PC with Linux operating system can connect to the camera using a browser like Firefox. It needs to install QuickTime first to view streaming.

#### Authentication

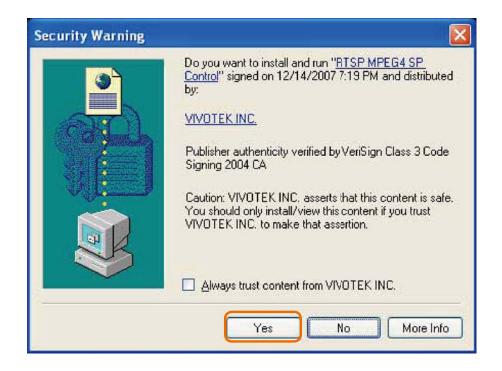
After opening the Web browser and typing in the URL of the Network Camera, a dialogue window pops up to request a username and password. Upon successful authentication, the following figure is displayed.

The foreground is the login window and the background shows the message if authentication fails. The user may check the option box to save the password for future convenience. This option is not available to the Administrator for obvious reason.



# Installing plug-in

For the initial access to the Network Camera in Windows, the web browser may prompt for permission to install a new plug-in for the Network Camera when the Internet Explorer. Permission request depends on the Internet security settings of the user's PC or notebook. If the highest security level is set, the computer may prohibit any installation and execution attempt. This plug-in has been registered for certificate and is used to display the video in the browser. Users may click on  $\underline{Y^{es}}$  to proceed. If the web browser does not allow the user to continue to install, check the Internet security option and lower the security levels or contact your IT or networking supervisor for help.



## **Primary user's capability**

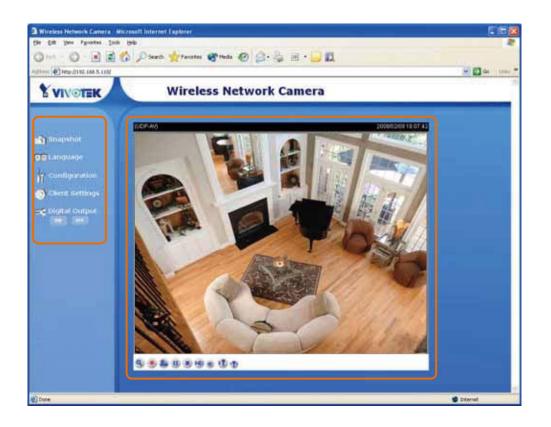
#### **Main Screen with Camera View**

The main page layout has two parts:

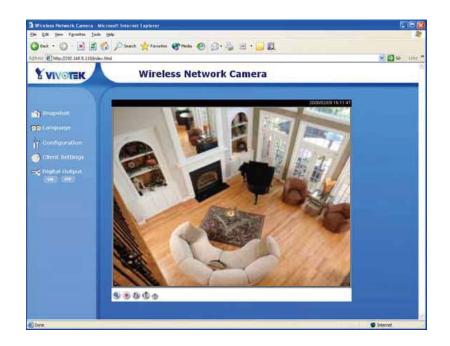
**Configuration functions**: The camera can be configured using these user interfaces. **Camera View**: What the camera sees.

Click on the configuration link to the left of the image window to enter the configuration page.

Here is the layout in IE when it is MPEG-4 streaming.



The function in JPEG will be a little different when it is JPEG streaming. Only digital zoom and record button are supported.



Here is the layout in Firefoex when it is MPEG-4 streaming. It invokes Quick Time to stream the live video.



Here is the layout in Firefoex when it is JPEG streaming.



#### **Digital Zoom**

Click on the magnifier icon under the camera view then the digital zoom control panel will be shown. Uncheck "Disable digital zoom" and use the slider control to change the zoom factors.

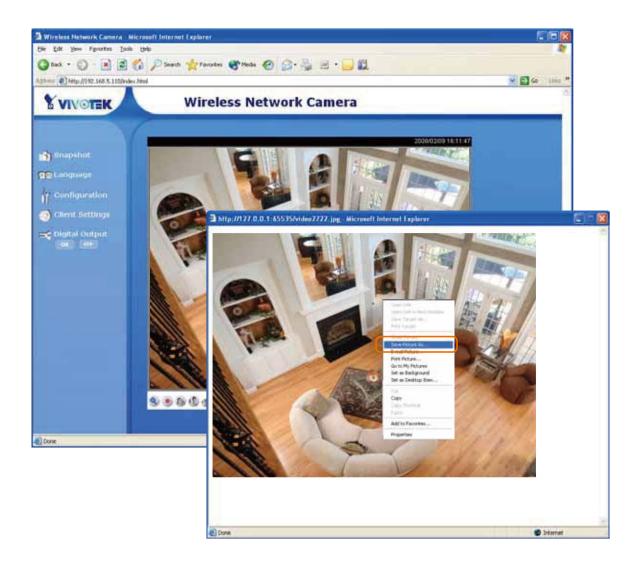


### **MP4 Recording**

Click on the red circle button • on the plugin to start MP4 recording. You can set the related options in client setting page.

#### Snapshot

Click on "**Snapshot**", web browser will pop up a new window to show the snapshot. Users can point at the snapshot and click the right button of mouse to save it.



#### Language

Click on the language, all supported languages are shown in the drop-down list. The user can choose the different display language.

### **Client settings**

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5 mil (1) http://192.168.5		👻 🛃 Go 🛛 Linie:
VIVOTEK	Configuration	1
* Home	© Stream 1 O Stream 2 MPEG-4 Media Options © Video and Audio O video Only O Audio Only MPEG-4 Protocol Options © UOP Unicest	
	O UDP Multicast O TCP O HTTP MP4 Saving Options Folder: [C]/Documents and Settings/yre(	
	(Save)	

There are four settings for the client side in IE. The first one is "**Stream Options**" for users to determine which stream to be streaming. This product supports dual-stream. Therefore, there are two streams to choose. The second one is "**MPEG-4 Media** 

**Options**". for users to determine which media to be streaming under MPEG-4 mode. The third one is "**MPEG-4 Protocol Options**" which allows choices on connection protocol between client and server. There are four protocols choices to optimize your usage – UDP unicast, UDP multicast, TCP and HTTP.

The **UDP unicast** protocol allows for more real-time audio and video streams. However, some packets may be lost due to network burst traffic and images may be obscured.

The **UDP multicast** protocol allows to save the bandwidth of server while serving multiple clients at the same time.

The **TCP** protocol allows for less packet loss and produces a more accurate video display. The downside with this protocol is that the real-time effect is worse than that with the UDP protocol.

The **HTTP** protocol allows the same quality as TCP protocol and the user don't need to open specific port to streaming under some network environment.

If no special need is required, UDP unicast protocol is recommended. Generally speaking, the client's choice will be in the order of UDP multicast  $\rightarrow$  UDP unicast  $\rightarrow$  TCP  $\rightarrow$  HTTP. After the Network Camera is connected successfully, "Protocol Option" will indicate the selected protocol. The selected protocol will be recorded in the user's PC and will be used for the next connection. If the network environment is changed, or the user wants to let the web browser to detect again, manually select the UDP protocol, save, and return HOME to re-connect.

The fourth one is "**Save Options**". User can specify the recording folder, file name prefix and suffix here.

There is only one setting "**Stream Options**" for the client side in Firefox. User can choose to view stream1 and stream2.

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4.4.6.3	🚰 📋 http://192.168.5.110/dereset.html	* > G- loop	[4]
🗋 Custonice Links 📋 Pres h	totmali 📋 Windows Modia 📋 Windows		
<b>YNVOTEK</b>		Configuration	
• Home	Stream Options O Stream 1 O Stream 2 Save		

<url> http://<Network Camera>/clientset.html

<Network Camera> is the domain name or the original IP address of the Network Camera.

#### **Digital output**

Click on "**ON**", the digital output of the Network Camera will be triggered. Or, Clicking on "**OFF**" can let the digital output turn into normal state.

### Administrator's capability

#### **Fine-tuning for Best Performance**

Best performance generally equates to the fastest image refresh rate with the best video quality, and at the lowest network bandwidth as possible. The three factors, "Maximum frame rate", "Constant bit rate", and "Fix quality" for MPEG-4 mode and "Maximum frame rate" and "Fix quality" for JPEG mode on the Audio and Video Configuration page, are correlative to allow for achieving the best performance possible.

Audio and video	
Video settings	
Video title:	
Color:	Color 💌
Power line frequency:	60 Hz 💙
Video orientation:	Flip Mirror
Maximum Exposure Time:	Auto 💌
Overlay title and time stamp on v	ideo and snapshot.
Image Settings Privacy Ma	ask
Options of Video O Video quality first O Video frame rate first	
<ul> <li>Video quality first</li> <li>Video frame rate first</li> <li>Video quality settings for stream 1 Mode:</li> </ul>	MPEG-4
<ul> <li>Video quality first</li> <li>Video frame rate first</li> <li>Video quality settings for stream 1 Mode: Frame size:</li> </ul>	640x480 💌
<ul> <li>Video quality first</li> <li>Video frame rate first</li> <li>Video quality settings for stream 1 Mode:</li> <li>Frame size:</li> <li>Maximum frame rate:</li> </ul>	640x480 💌 30 fps 💌
<ul> <li>Video quality first</li> <li>Video frame rate first</li> <li>Video quality settings for stream 1 Mode:</li> <li>Frame size:</li> <li>Maximum frame rate:</li> <li>Intra frame period:</li> </ul>	640x480 🗸
<ul> <li>Video quality first</li> <li>Video frame rate first</li> <li>Video quality settings for stream 1 Mode: Frame size:</li> <li>Maximum frame rate; Intra frame period: Video quality</li> </ul>	640x480 × 30 fps × 1 S ×
<ul> <li>Video quality first</li> <li>Video frame rate first</li> <li>Video quality settings for stream 1 Mode: Frame size:</li> <li>Maximum frame rate; Intra frame period: Video quality</li> <li>Constant bit rate:</li> </ul>	640x480 30 fps 1 S 512 Kbps
<ul> <li>Video quality first</li> <li>Video frame rate first</li> <li>Video quality settings for stream 1 Mode: Frame size:</li> <li>Maximum frame rate; Intra frame period: Video quality</li> <li>Constant bit rate:</li> <li>Fixed quality:</li> </ul>	640x480 V 30 fps V 1 S V
<ul> <li>Video quality first</li> <li>Video frame rate first</li> <li>Video quality settings for stream 1 Mode: Frame size:</li> <li>Maximum frame rate; Intra frame period: Video quality</li> <li>Constant bit rate:</li> <li>Fixed quality:</li> </ul>	640x480 30 fps 1 S 512 Kbps Good
<ul> <li>Video quality first</li> <li>Video frame rate first</li> <li>Video quality settings for stream 1 Mode: Frame size:</li> <li>Maximum frame rate; Intra frame period: Video quality</li> <li>Constant bit rate: Fixed quality:</li> <li>Video quality settings for stream 2</li> </ul>	640x480 30 fps 1 S 512 Kbps Good JPEG
<ul> <li>Video frame rate first</li> <li>Video quality settings for stream 1 Mode: Frame size:</li> <li>Maximum frame rate; Intra frame period: Video quality</li> <li>Constant bit rate: Fixed quality;</li> <li>Video quality settings for stream 2 Mode:</li> </ul>	640x480 30 fps 1 S 512 Kbps Good JPEG

#### For Viewing by Mobile Phone

Most 3GPP cell phone supports media streaming with MPEG4 video and GSM-AMR audio. Due to the limitation of the bandwidth for 3GPP, only 176x144 video solution will be supported for cell phone viewing. Please set related video settings first as mentioned when viewing by mobile phone.

#### For Best Real-time Video Images

To achieve good real-time visual effect, the network bandwidth should be large enough to allow a transmission rate of greater than 20 image frames per second. If the broadband network is over 1 Mbps, set the "Fix bit rate" to 1000Kbps or 1200Kbps, or set "Fix quality" at the highest quality. The maximum frame rate is 30. If your network bandwidth is more than 512Kbps, you can fix the bit rate according to your bandwidth and set the maximum frame rate to 30 fps. If the images vary dramatically in your environment, you may want to slow the maximum frame rate down to 20 fps in order to lower the rate of data transmission. This allows for better video quality and the human eyes cannot readily detect the differences between those of 20, 25, or 30 frames per second. If your network bandwidth is below 512 Kbps, set the "Fix bit rate" according to your bandwidth and try to get the best performance by fine-tuning with the "Maximum frame rate". In a slow network, greater frame rate results in blur images. Video quality performance will vary somewhat due to the number of users viewing on the network; even when the parameters have initially been finely tuned. Performance will also suffer due to poor connectivity because of the network's burst constraint.

#### Only Quality Images Will Do

To have the best video quality, you should set "Fix quality" at "Detailed" or "Excellent" and adjust the "Maximum frame rate" to match your network's bandwidth. If your network is slow and you receive "broken" pictures, go to the TCP or HTTP protocol in "MPEG-4 Protocol Options" and choose a more appropriate mode of transmission. The images may suffer a time delay due to a slower connection. The delay will also increase with added number of users.

#### Somewhere Between Real-time and Clear Images

If you have a broadband network, set "Fix quality" at "Normal" or better, rather than setting "Fix bit rate". You can also fix the bandwidth according to your actual network speed and adjust the frame rate. Start from 30 fps down for best results but not below 15 fps. If the image qualities are not improved, select a lower bandwidth setting.

#### **Opening accounts for new users**

Security		
Root Password		ו
Note: Leaving the root password	d field empty means the camera will not be protected by	
Root Password:		
Confirm root password:		
Save		J
Add User		ר
User name:		
User password:		
User type:		
100 TO 100 TO 100	Administrator	
	Operator	
	O Viewer	
Add		J
Manage User		
User name:		
User password:		
User type:		
	OAdministrator	
	Operator	
	Oviewer	
Save Delete		
and the second second		)

#### Protect Network Camera by passwords

The Network Camera is shipped without any password by default. That means everyone can access the Network Camera including the configuration as long as the IP address is known. It is necessary to assign a password if the Network Camera is intended to be accessed by others. Type a new word twice in ① to enable protection. This password is used to identify the administrator. Then add an account with user name, password and authentication for your friends in ②. You can edit or delete users from ③.

#### Build a security application

The Administrator can use the built-in motion detection to monitor any movement to perform many useful security applications. To upload the snapshots, users can choose either email, FTP, HTTP, Network storage or CF according to user's needs. All servers setting are in Server section on Application page. Refer to the definition section for detail configuration.

- 1. Click on "Configuration" on homepage,
- 2. Click on "Motion detection" at the left column,
- 3. Check "Enable motion detection",
- 4. Click on new to have a new window to monitor video,
- 5. Type in a name to identify the new window,
- 6. Use the mouse to click, hold, and drag the window corner to resize or the title bar to move,
- Fine-tune using the "Sensitivity" and "Percentage" fields to best suit the camera's environment. Higher "Sensitivity" detects the slighter motion. Higher "Percentage" discriminates smaller objects,
- 8. Clicking on "Save" enables the activity display. Green means the motion in the window is under the watermark set by Administrator and red means it is over the watermark,
- 9. Click on "Application" at the left column,
- 10.Add a server in server section,
- 11.Add a media with snapshot type in media section. And Set the number of pre-event and post-event images to be uploaded
- 12.Add a event in event section
  - Enter one event name and enable this event.
  - Check the weekdays as you need and give the time interval to monitor the motion detection every day,
  - Select the Trigger on Motion detection and Check the window name set in step
     5

- Set the appropriate delay time to avoid continuous false alarms following the original event
- Check the server name set in Step 10 and select the media name set in Step 11.

13.Click on save to validate.

#### Software revision upgrade

Customers can obtain the up-to-date software from the web site of Vivotek. An easy-to-use Upgrade Wizard is provided to upgrade the Network Camera with just a few clicks. The upgrade function is opened to the Administrator only. To upgrade the system, follow the procedures below.

1. Download the firmware file named "xxx.pkg" from the appropriate product folder.

2. Run the Installation Wizard and proceed following the prompts. Refer to the instructions of the Installation Wizard for details.

3. Or upgrade firmware from HTTP web page directly

3. The whole process will finish in a few minutes and it will automatically restart the system.

If power fails during the writing process of Flash memory, the program in the memory of the Network Camera may be destroyed permanently. If the Network Camera cannot restart properly, ask your dealer for technical service.

# **Definitions in Configuration**

Only the Administrator can access system configuration. Each category in the left column will be explained in the following pages. The bold texts are the specific phrases on the Option pages. The Administrator may type the URL below the figure to directly enter the frame page of configuration. If the Administrator also wants to set certain options through the URL, read the reference appendix for details.

System	
Host name:	Wireless Network Camera
Turn off the LED indicator	
System Time	
H	
Enable Daylight Saving Time	andiabat Canifora Tima andara an Marintana ana an ina
the camera default value.	aylight Saving Time rules on <u>Maintenance</u> page or use
Time zone:	
	Hong Kong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, Taipei 💌
Keep current date and time	
<ul> <li>Sync with computer time</li> </ul>	
Computer date:	2008/02/25
Computer time:	11:13:30
O Manual	11,15,55
Date:[vvvv/mm/dd]	2008/02/09
Time:[hh:mm:ss]	17:20:43
O Automatic	17/20/10
NTP server:	
Updating interval:	One hour
10 CT/5	
DI and DO	
DI and DO	
DI and DO Digital input: normal status is Hig	gh 👻 , current status is Normal

<url> http://<Network Camera>/setup/system.html

<Network Camera> is the domain name or original IP address of the Network Camera.

# **System parameters**

"Host name" The text displays the title at the top of the main page.

**"Turn off the LED indicator"** Check this option to shut off the LED on the rear. It can prevent the camera's operation being noticed.

"Time zone" Adjust the time with that of the time-servers for local settings.

**"Keep current date and time"** Click on this to reserve the current date and time of the Network Camera. An internal real-time clock maintains the date and time even when the power of the system is turned off.

"Sync with computer time" Synchronizes the date and time of the Network Camera with the local computer. The read-only date and time of the PC is displayed as updated. "Manual" Adjust the date and time according to what is entered by the Administrator. Notice the format in the related fields while doing the entry.

**"Automatic"** Synchronize with the NTP server over the Internet whenever the Network Camera starts up. It will fail if the assigned time-server cannot be reached.

"NTP server" Assign the IP address or domain name of the time-server. Leaving the text box blank connects the Network Camera to the default time-servers.

"**Update interval**" Select hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly update with the time on the NTP server.

**"Digital input**" Select High or Low to define normal status of the digital input. The current status is shown, too.

"**Digital output**" Select Grounded or Open to define normal status of the digital output. The current status is shown, too.

Remember to click on <u>save</u> to immediately validate the changes. Otherwise, the correct time will not be synchronized.

# **Security settings**

**"Root password"** Change the Administrator's password by typing in the new password identically in both text boxes. The typed entries will be displayed as asterisks for security purposes. After pressing **Save**, the web browser will ask the Administrator for the new password for access.

"Add user" Type the new user's name and password and press Add to insert the new entry. The new user will be displayed in the user name list. There is a maximum of twenty user accounts. There are three kinds of authentication: Administrator, Operator and Viewer. Administrator can fully control the camera operation. Operator's access right can modify most of camera's parameters except some privilege and network options. Viewer can view, listen and talk to camera; control dido, ptz of camera. Network Camera can provide twenty accounts for your valuable customers or friends. "Manage user" Pull down the user list to find the user's name and press Delete to delete the selected user. Or edit the password or authentication of the selected user and press Save to take effect.

Root Password	
Note: Leaving the root password	field empty means the camera will not be protected by
password.	
Root Password:	
Confirm root password:	
Save	
Add User	
User name:	
User password:	
User type:	
	Administrator
	Operator
	O Viewer
Add	
Monoge User	
User name:	N.
User password:	
User type:	
	OAdministrator
	Operator
	Viewer

<url> http://<Network Camera>/setup/security.html

<Network Camera> is the domain name or original IP address of the Network Camera.

# HTTPS

The Network Camera provides authentication and encrypted communication over SSL.

"Enable HTTPS" Select this option to turn on the HTTPS communication.

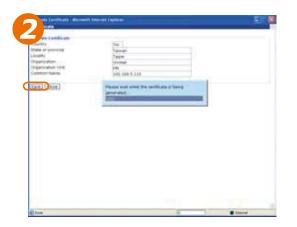
"Create and Install Certificate" Select either to create a self-signed certificate or a signed certificate.

To create a certificate from a certificate authority :

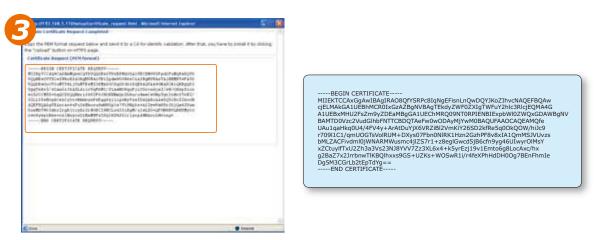
1 : Click Create for Certificate request. This pops up the Create Certificate window.



2 : Fill in the information required for generating a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) and click Save.



3 : The CSR should look should look something like this:



4 : Look for a trusted certificate authority that issues digital certificates. Enroll the Network Camera. Wait for the certificate authority to issue a SSL certificate; then upload the issued certificate to the Network Camera.



5 : Browsing the Network Camera using HTTPS helps to protect streaming data over the Internet.



#### To create a self-signed certificate:

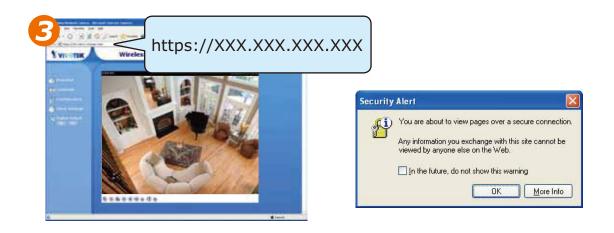
1 : Click Create for Create and Install Certificate. This pops up the Create Certificate window.

*To enable HTTPS, you have to Enable HTTPS secure connect	meate and install certificate first. Don
Create and Install Certificate	
Self-signed certificate	Create
Certificate request	Create.
Select certificate file:	Basea, Collast
Certificate Information	
Status	Not evidence in

2 : Fill in the information required for generating a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) and click Save.

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3 : Browsing the Network Camera using HTTPS helps to protect streaming data over the Internet.



"Certificate information" Display the certification information. Users may click Property for details. To remove the signed certificate, uncheck the Enable HTTPS secure connection and click Remove.

*To enable HTTPS, you have to create and initial certificate first. E Enable HTTPS secure connection		
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(Crane)		
(has.) (1)		
TW		
Tarwien		
Tapei		
VEVOTER		
P14		
192 168 5 110		
	ton	

# **Network settings**

Any changes made on the Network type sectoin will restart the system in order to validate the changes. Make sure every field is entered correctly before clicking on Save.

#### **Network type**

#### "LAN" & "PPPoE"

The default type is LAN. Select PPPoE if using ADSL

#### "Get IP address automatically" & "Use fixed IP address"

The default status is "**Get IP address automatically**". This can be tedious having to perform software installation whenever the Network Camera starts. Therefore, once the network settings, especially the IP address, have been entered correctly, select "**Use fixed IP address**" then the Network Camera will skip installation at the next boot. The Network Camera can automatically restart and operate normally after a power outage. Users can run IP installer to check the IP address assigned to the Network Camera if the IP address is forgotten or using the UPnP function provided by the Network Camera (MS Windows XP provides UPnP function at **My Network Place**). "**IP address**" This is necessary for network identification.

**"Subnet mask"** This is used to determine if the destination is in the same subnet. The default value is "255.255.255.0".

"Default router" This is the gateway used to forward frames to destinations in a different subnet. Invalid router setting will fail the transmission to destinations in different subnet.

"**Primary DNS**" The primary domain name server that translates hostnames into IP addresses.

"Secondary DNS" Secondary domain name server that backups the Primary DNS.

**"Primary WINS server"** The primary WINS server that maintains the database of computer name and IP address.

"Secondary WINS server" The secondary WINS server that maintains the database

of computer name and IP address.

"Enable UPnP presentation" Enable the UPnP camera short cut

"Enable UPnP port forwarding" Enable UPnP port forwarding

"PPPoE" If using the PPPoE interface, fill the following settings from ISP

"User name" The login name of PPPoE account

"Password" The password of PPPoE account

"Confirm password" Input password again for confirmation

#### HTTP

"Authentication" It supports basic and digest modes.

"Http port" This can be other than the default Port 80. Once the port is changed, the users must be notified the change for the connection to be successful. For instance, when the Administrator changes the HTTP port of the Network Camera whose IP address is 192.168.0.100 from 80 to 8888, the users must type in the web browser "http://192.168.0.100:8888" instead of "http://192.168.0.100".

"Secondary Http port" It support alternate port to access HTTP server.

**"Access name for stream 1"** This is the access URL of stream 1 for making connection from client software when its codec type is JPEG.

**"Access name for stream 2"** This is the access URL of stream 2 for making connection from client software when its codec type is JPEG.

Using http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name> to make connection.

#### FTP

**"FTP port"** This can be other than the default port 21. The user can change this value from 1025 to 65535. After the changed, the external FTP client program must change the server port of connection accordingly.

#### **RTSP Streaming**

"Authentication" It supports disable, basic and digest modes.

"Access name for stream 1" This is the access URL of stream 1 for making

connection from client software when the codec type is MPEG-4.

"Access name for stream 2" This is the access URL of stream 2 for making connection from client software when the codec type is MPEG-4.

Using rtsp://<ip address>/<access name> to make connection

"RTSP port" This can be other than the default Port 554

"RTP port for video" The video channel port for RTP. It must be even number.

"**RTCP port for video**" The video channel port for RTCP. It must be the port number of video RTP plus 1.

"RTP port for audio" The audio channel port for RTP. It must be even number.

"**RTCP port for audio**" The video channel port for RTCP. It must be the port number of video RTP plus 1.

User can modify Multicast setting for stream1 and stream2.

"Always multicast" Select it to enable multicast always.

"Multicast group address" It is used by sources and the receivers to send and receive content.

"Multicast video port" The video channel port for multicast. It must be even number. "Multicast RTCP video port" The video channel port for multicast RTCP. It must be the port number of multicast video port plus 1.

"Multicast audio port" The audio channel port for multicast. It must be even number. "Multicast RTCP audio port" The audio channel port for multicast RTCP. It must be the port number of multicast audio port plus 1.

"Multicast TTL" It specifies the number of routers (hops) that multicast traffic is permitted to pass through before expiring on the network.

() LAN	
<ul> <li>Get IP address automatically</li> </ul>	
O Use fixed IP address	
IP address	
Subnet mask	172,169.5.110
Default router	255-255-255.0 ···
	192.16年5.1
Primary DNS	192.100.0.10
Secondary DNS	192.160.0.20
Primary WINS server Secondary WINS server	
Enable UPnP presentation	
Enable UPnP port forwarding	9
O PPPoE	
User name	
Password	
Confirm password	
Save	
нттр	
Authentication:	basic 💌
HTTP port	BO BOSIC
Secondary HTTP port	8080
Access name for stream 1	video.mipg
Access name for stream 2	video2.mjpg
	Aipaps wind
HTTPS	
HTTPS port	443
Two way audio	
Two way audio port	5060
FTP	
FTP part	21
RTSP Streaming	
Contraction of the second s	
Authentication:	disable 💌
Authentication: Access name for stream 1	live.sdp
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2	live.sdp live2.sdp
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port	live.sdp live2.sdp SS4
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTSP port for video	live.sdp live2.sdp
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video	live.sdp live2.sdp 554 5556 5557
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio	live.sdp live2.sdp 554 5556 5557 5559
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio	live.sdp live2.sdp 554 5556 5557
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio Multicast settings for stream 1	live.sdp live2.sdp 554 5556 5557 5559
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio Multicast settings for stream 1	live.sdp live2.sdp SS4 SS56 SS57 S558 SS59
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio Multicast settings for stream 1 Always multicast Multicast group address	live.sdp live2.sdp 554 5556 5557 5559
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio Multicast settings for stream 1 Always multicast Multicast group address Multicast video port	live.sdp live2.sdp SS4 SS56 SS57 S558 SS59
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio Multicast settings for stream 1 Always multicast Multicast group address Multicast wideo port Multicast RTCP video port	live.sdp live2.sdp 554 5556 5557 5550 5599 239.128.1.99 5560 5561
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio Multicast settings for stream 1 Always multicast Multicast group address Multicast group address Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP video port Multicast audio port	live.sdp live2.sdp 554 5556 5550 5550 5550 5550 5550 5550
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio Multicast settings for stream 1 Always multicast Multicast group address Multicast group address Multicast group address Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP audio port	live.sdp live2.sdp SS4 SS56 SS57 SS56 SS59 SS59 SS59 SS69 SS60 SS62 SS62 SS62 SS62
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio Multicast settings for stream 1 Always multicast Multicast group address Multicast group address Multicast video port Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP audio port Multicast RTCP audio port Multicast TTL [1~255]	live.sdp live2.sdp 554 5555 5559 5559 5559 5559 5559 5559
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio Multicast settings for stream 1 Always multicast Multicast group address Multicast group address Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP audio port Multicast RTL [1-255] Multicast settings for stream 2	live.sdp live2.sdp SS4 SS56 SS57 SS59 SS59 SS59 SS59 SS69 SS60 SS62 SS62 SS62 SS62
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio Multicast settings for stream 1 Always multicast Multicast group address Multicast video port Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP audio port Multicast RTCP audio port Multicast STTL [1~255] Multicast settings for stream 2	live.sdp live2.sdp SS4 SS56 SS57 SS59 SS59 SS59 SS59 SS69 SS60 SS62 SS62 SS62 SS62
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio Multicast settings for stream 1 Multicast settings address Multicast group address Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP audio port Multicast RTCP audio port Multicast Strings for stream 2 Always multicast Multicast group address	live.sdp live2.sdp SS4 SS56 SS57 SS59 SS59 SS59 SS59 SS69 SS60 SS62 SS62 SS62 SS62
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio RTCP port for	live.sdp live2.sdp SS4 SS55 SS57 S550 S559 S559 S559 S560 S562 S562 S562 S562 S562 S562 S562 S562
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio Multicast settings for stream 1 Aways multicast Multicast group address Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP audio port Multicast settings for stream 2 Aways multicast Multicast RTCP address Multicast proup address Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP video port	live.sdp live2.sdp 554 5557 5559 5559 5559 5560 5560 5560 5562 5563 15 239.128.1.99
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio Multicast settings for stream 1 Access and a stream 1 Auticast group address Multicast group address Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP audio port Multicast RTCP audio port Multicast RTCP audio port Multicast settings for stream 2 Always multicast Multicast group address Multicast group address Multicast group address Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP video port	live.sdp live2.sdp S54 S555 S550 S559 S559 S559 S560 S560 S560 S562 S562 S562 S563 IS
Authentication: Access name for stream 1 Access name for stream 2 RTSP port RTP port for video RTCP port for video RTCP port for audio RTCP port for audio Multicast settings for stream 1 Aways multicast Multicast group address Multicast group address Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP audio port Multicast settings for stream 2 Always multicast Multicast group address Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP video port Multicast RTCP video port	live.sdp live2.sdp S54 S555 S559 S559 S559 S559 S560 S560 S561 S562 S562 S562 S562 S564 S564 S564

<url> http://<Network Camera>/setup/network.html

<Network Camera> is the domain name or original IP address of the Network Camera.

# DDNS

"Enable DDNS" This option turns on the DDNS function.

**"Provider"** The provider list contains four hosts that provide DDNS services. Please connect to the service provider's website to make sure the service charges.

**"Host Name"** If the User wants to use DDNS service, this field must be filled. Please input the hostname that is registered in the DDNS server.

"Username/E-mail" The Username or E-mail field is necessary for logging in the DDNS server or notify the User of the new IP address. Note: when this field is input as "Username" the following field must be input as "Password".

"Password/Key" Please input the password or key to get the DDNS service.

"**Save**" Click on this button to save current settings for the DDNS service and UPnP function.

DDNS: Dynamic domain na	me service
Enable DDNS	
Provider	Dyndns.org(Dynamic) 💌
Host name	
User name	
Password	

<url> http://<Network Camera>/setup/ddns.html

<Network Camera> is the domain name or original IP address of the Network Camera.

# **Access List**

The access list is to control the access permission of clients by checking the client IP address.

There are two lists for permission control: **Allow List** and **Deny List**. Only those clients whose IP address is in the **Allow List** and not in the **Deny List** can connect to the Video Server or Network Camera for receiving the audio/video streaming.

Both **Allow List** and **Deny List** consist of a list of IP ranges. If you want to add a new IP address range, type the **Start IP Address** and **End IP Address** in the text boxes and click on the **Add** button. If you want to remove an existing IP address range, just select from the pull-down menu and click on the **Delete** button.

Both the Allow List and Deny List can have 10 entries.

>Access list	
Allowed list	
Starting IP address	Ĭ I
Ending IP address	
Add	
Delete allowed list	
Allowed list	1.0.0.0 ~ 255.255.255.255
Delete	
Oenied list	
Starting IP address	
Ending IP address	
Add	
Delete denied list	
Denied list	
Delete	

<url> http://<Network Camera>/setup/accesslist.html

<Network Camera> is the domain name or original IP address of the Network Camera.

# **Audio and Video**

This product supports dual-stream. It provides two setting for video streams, but only one setting for audio.

# **Video Settings**

"Video title" The text string can be displayed on video

"Color" Select either for color or monochrome video display.

**"Power line frequency"**, the fluorescent light will flash according to the power line frequency that depends on local utility. Change the frequency setting to eliminate uncomfortable flash image when the light source is only fluorescent light.

## **Video orientation**

"Flip" Vertically rotate the video.

"Mirror" Horizontally rotate the video. Check options both if the Network Camera is installed upside down.

"White balance" Adjust the value for best color temperature.

**"Maximum Exposure Time"** Adjust the maximum exposure time in different environment.

"Overlay title and time stamp on video" Check it the title is shown on video.

There are different video quality settings for stream1 and stream2.

**"Mode"** It can be MPEG-4 or JPEG. If MPEG-4 is selected, it is streamed in RTSP protocol. If JPEG is selected, it is streamed in server push mode.

**"Frame Size"** If the mode is MPEG-4, there are four options, **"176x144"**, **"320x240"**, **"640x480"** and **"800x600"**. If the mode is JPEG, there are five options, **"176x144"**, **"320x240"**, **"640x480"**, **"800x600"** and **"1280x1024"**. The maximum connection number is two when the frame size is "800x600" or "1280x1024" in JPEG mode. There are three dependent parameters provided in MPEG-4 mode for video performance adjustment.

"Intra frame period" The interval of intra frame.

"Max frame rate" This limits the maximal refresh frame rate, which can be combined with the "Video quality" to optimize bandwidth utilization and video quality. Choose "Constant bit rate" If the user wants to fix the bandwidth utilization regardless of the video quality, choose "Fixed quality" and select the desired bandwidth. The video quality may be poor due to the sending of maximal frame rate within the limited bandwidth when images are moving rapidly. Consequently, to ensure detailed video quality (quantization rate) regardless of the network, it will utilize more bandwidth to send the maximal frames when images change drastically.

In JPEG mode, user can set "Max frame rate" and "Video quality" to adjust the video performance.

## **Audio settings**

"Use" Switch "Internal" or "Microphone" to set up the source of audio input "Mute" To turn off audio

"Internal microphone input gain" Modify the gain of the internal audio input

"External microphone input" There are two gain options, 0dB and 20dB.

"Audio type" Select audio codec "AAC" or "GSM-AMR" and the bit rate

Video settings		
Video title:		
Color:	Color 💙	
Power line frequency:	60 Hz 💙	
Video orientation:	E Flip Mirror	
Maximum Exposure Time:	Auto	
Overlay title and time stamp on vi		
Image Settings Privacy Mas	sk	
Options of Video		
Video quality first		
💿 Video frame rate first		
Video quality settings for stream 1		
Mode:	MPEG-4 💌	
Frame size:	640×480 ¥	
Maximum frame rate:	30 fps 💌	
Intra frame period:	15 👻	
Video quality		
O Constant bit rate:	512 Kbps 💌	
Fixed quality:	Good 🛛 👻	
Video quality settings for stream 2		
Mode:	JPEG 💙	
Frame size:	640x480 💌	
Maximum frame rate:	30 fps 💌	
Video quality	Good 💌	
Audio Settings		
Use Internal 🛛		
Mute		
Internal microphone input gain:	-10.5 dB 💌	
External microphone input	⊙ 0db ○ 20db	
Audio type	O AAC O GSM-AMR	
AAC bit rate:	128 Kbps 💌	
GSM-AMR bit rate:	12.2 Kbps 💌	

<url> http://<Network Camera>/setup/audiovideo.htm

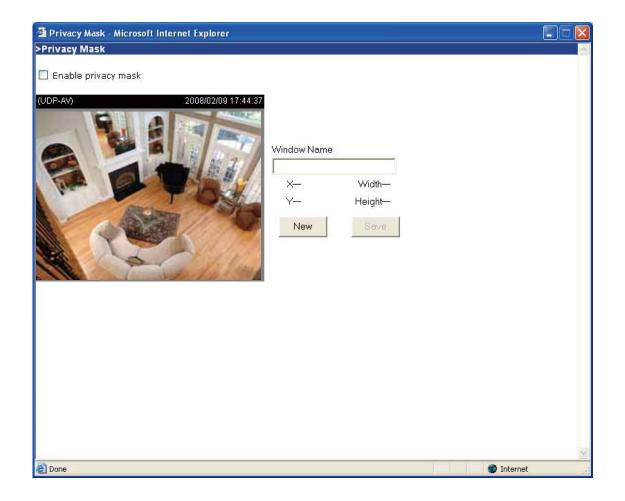
<Network Camera> is the domain name or original IP address of the Network Camera.

# **Image Settings**

Image Settings - Microsoft Internet	Explorer			
>Image Settings				<u>è</u>
	008/02/09 17:42:18			
Brightness +0 ¥ Contrast +0 ¥ White Balance Auto	Saturation Sharpness	+0 🗸		
Preview Restore	Save	Close		
Done			🌒 Internet	~

Image settings Click on this button to pop up another window to tune "Brightness", "Contrast", "Hue" and "Saturation" for video compensation. Each field has eleven levels ranged from -5 to +5. In "Brightness" and "Contrast" fields the value 0 indicates auto tuning. The user may press Preview to fine-tune the image. When the image is O.K., press Save to set the image settings. Restore Click on this to recall the original settings without incorporating the changes.

# **Privacy Mask**

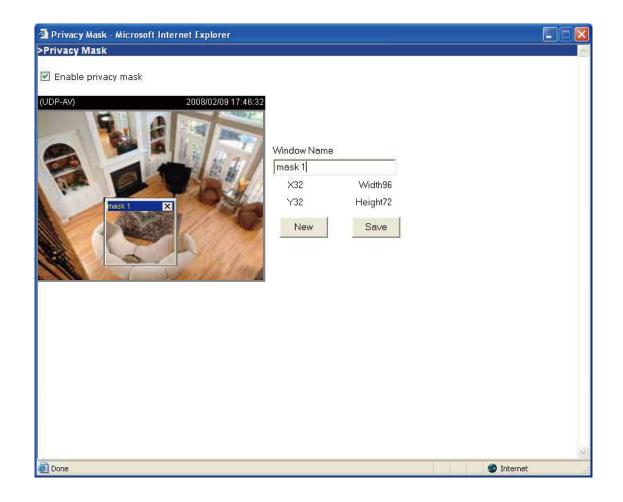


Click on the button to pop up another window to set privacy mask window. All user can not view the block under privacy mask window.

"Enable privacy mask" Check this option to turn on privacy mask.

New Click on this button to add a new window. At most five windows can exist simultaneously. Use the mouse to click, hold, and drag the window frame to resize or the title bar to move. Clicking on the 'x' at the upper right-hand corner of the window to delete the window. Remember to save in order to validate the changes. The base of window axis is eight. You can see the X, Y, width and height of the window.

Save Click on this button to save the related window settings. "Window Name" The text will show at the top of the window.



The following figure shows the screen when <u>save</u> is clicked and the privacy mask is enabled.

# **Motion detection**

"Enable motion detection" Check this option to turn on motion detection.

Click on this button to add a new window. At most three windows can exist simultaneously. Use the mouse to click, hold, and drag the window frame to resize or

the title bar to move. Clicking on the 'x' at the upper right-hand corner of the window to delete the window. Remember to save in order to validate the changes.

Click on this button to save the related window settings. A graphic bar will rise or fall depending on the image variation. A green bar means the image variation is under monitoring level and a red bar means the image variation is over monitoring level. When the bar goes red, the detected window will also be outlined in red. Going back to the homepage, the monitored window is hidden but the red frame shows when motion is detected.

"Window Name" The text will show at the top of the window.

"Sensitivity" This sets the endurable difference between two sequential images.

**"Percentage"** This sets the space ratio of moving objects in the monitoring window. Higher sensitivity and small percentage will allow easier motion detection.

The following figure shows the screen when save is clicked. The monitoring window has been outlined in red and the graphic bar goes red since the goldfish is moving.

Enable motion detection	on 2008/02/09 17:54:02	I
6		Window Name
window 1		window 1 Sensitivity 
	TOSE	Percentage 20%
		New Save
	Martin and	
	Motion deter	ction 🔀
		and the state of t
	Save window	completed

<url> http://<Network Camera>/setup/motion.htm

<Network Camera> is the domain name or original IP address of the Network Camera.

# Application

There are three sections in application page. They are event, server and media. Click Add to pop a window to add a new item of event, server or media. Click Delete to delete the selected item from event, server or media. Click on the item name to pop a window to edit it.

There can be at most three events. There can be at most five server and five media configurations.

User can know the event name, status, weekly and time schedule and trigger type in event section. The server name, type and address/location are shown in server section. The current media free space, media name and type are shown in media section. After adding a new media, the value of free space will be updated. User cannot add media which size is larger than free space.

Suggest to set server and media first before setting event. The servers and medias selected in event list are not modified or deleted. Please remove them first from the event if you want to delete or modify them. Recommend that using different media in different event to make use all media be produced and received correctly. If using the same media in different events and the events trigger almost simultaneously, the servers in the second triggered event will not receive any media; there would be only notifications.

>Application	
Event Settings	
Name Status Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Time Trigger	
Add Velete	
Server Settings	
Name Type Address/Location	
Add Delete	
Media Settings	
Available memory space: 4800KB	
Name Type	
Add V Delete	

<url> http://<Network Camera>/setup/application.htm

<Network Camera> is the domain name or original IP address of the Network Camera.

## Event

"Event name" The unique name for event

"Enable this event" Check it to enable this event.

"Priority" The event with higher priority will be executed first.

**"Delay second(s) before detecting next event"** The delay to check next event. It is used in motion detection and digital input trigger type.

There are four kinds of trigger supported.

"Video motion detection" Select the windows which need to be monitored.

**"Periodic"** The event is triggered in specified intervals. The unit of trigger interval is minute.

"Digital input" To monitor digital input

"System boot" The event is triggered when the system bootup.

The weekly and time schedules are provided.

"Sun" ~ "Sat" Select the days of the week to perform the event.

"Time" show "Always" or input the time interval.

The default action are triggering DO and storing media on CF card. If there are servers configured, the user can select them from **"Server name"**, too.

**"Trigger DO"** Check it to trigger digital output for specific seconds when event is triggered.

"CF" Check it to storing media on CF. Please select the media and set folder.

"Server name" Check it to sending the selected media when event is triggered.

Event Settings - Microsoft Internet Explorer	
>Event Settings	<u>^</u>
Event name:	
Event name.	
Priority: Normal	
Detect next event after 10 second(s).	
- Trigger	
○ Video motion detection	
Detect motion in window 🔲 window 1	
Note: Please configure Motion detection first	
O Periodically	
Trigger every other 1 minutes	
O Digital input	
System boot	
Event Schedule	
🗹 Sun 🗹 Mon 🗹 Tue 🗹 Wed 🗹 Thu 🗹 Fri 🗹 Sat	
Time	
Always	
© From 00:00 to 24:00 [hh:mm]	
Action	
Trigger digital output for 1 seconds	
Attached media:None 💌	
Folder	~
6 Done	🔮 Internet

### Server

"Server name" The unique name for server

There are four kinds of servers supported. They are email server, FTP server, HTTP server and network storage.

Here is setting for email server.

"Sender email address" The email address of the sender

"Recipient email address" The email address of the recipient

"Server address" The domain name or IP address of the external email server.

"User name" This granted user name on the external email server.

"Password" This granted password on the external email server.

Here is setting for FTP server.

"Server address" The domain name or IP address of the external FTP server.

**"Server port"** This can be other than the default port 21. The user can change this value from 1025 to 65535.

"User name" This granted user name on the external FTP server.

"Password" This granted password on the external FTP server.

"**Remote folder name**" Granted folder on the external FTP server. The string must conform to that of the external FTP server. Some FTP servers cannot accept preceding slash symbol before the path without virtual path mapping. Refer to the instructions for the external FTP server for details. The folder privilege must be open for upload.

"Passive Mode" Check it to enable passive mode in transmission.

Here is setting for HTTP server.

"URL" The URL to upload the media.

"User name" This granted user name on the external HTTP server.

"Password" This granted password on the external HTTP server.

Here is setting for network storage. Only one network storage is supported.

"Network storage location" The path to upload the media

"Workgroup" The workgroup for network storage.

"User name" This granted user name on the network storage.

"Password" This granted password on the network storage.

After input the setting of server, user can click on **Test** to test whether the setting is

correct. The testing result will be shown in a pop-up window.

Server Settings - Microsoft Intern	et Explorer	
Server Settings		
Server name:		
Server Type		
• Email		
Sender email address		
Recipient email address		
Server address		
User name		
Password		
O FTP		
Server address		
Server port	21	
User name		
Password		
FTP folder name		
Passive mode	1	
О НТТР		
URL	http://	
User name	((5))	
Password		
O Network storage		
Network storage location		
(For example: \\my_nas\disk	\folder)	
Workgroup		
User name		
Password		

# Media

"Media name" The unique name for media

There are three kinds of media. They are snapshot, video clip and system log. Here is setting for snapshot.

"Source" The source of stream, stream1 or stream2.

"Send Pre-event images" The number of pre-event images

"Send Post-event images" The number of post-event images

**"File name prefix"** The prefix name will be added on the file name of the snapshot images.

"Add date and time suffix to file name" Check it to add timing information as file name suffix.

Here is setting for video clip

"**Source**" The source of stream, stream1 or stream2.

"Pre-event recording" The interval of pre-event recording in seconds

There are two limitations for video clip file.

"Maximum duration" The maximal recording file duration in seconds

"Maximum file size" The maximal file size would be generated.

"File name prefix" The prefix name will be added on the file name of the video clip.

Media Settings - Microsoft Internet Explorer	
>Media Settings	A
Media name:	
Media Type	
<ul> <li>Snapshot         Source: Stream1         pre-event image(s) [0~7]         Send 1 post-event image(s) [0~7]         File name prefix:         Add date and time suffix to file name         Video Clip         Source: Stream1         Pre-event recording: 0 seconds [0~9]         Maximum duration: 5 seconds [1~10]         Maximum file size: 500 Kbytes [50~800]         File name prefix:         System log         Save Close         </li> </ul>	
E Done	🔮 Internet

# Recording

The Network camera supports recording on CF and network storage. The operation of editing recording item is the same as the one in application page. User can know the recording name, status, weekly and time schedule, stream source and destination of recording. There can be at most two recording entries. To do recording on network storage, please add network storage server in application page first.

>Recording	
Recording Settings	
Name Status Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Time Source Destination	
Add CF Test Delete	

<url> http://<Network Camera>/setup/recording.htm

<Network Camera> is the domain name or original IP address of the Network Camera.

"Recording entry name" The unique name for recording entry

"Enable this recording" Check it to enable this event.

"Priority" The recording with higher priority will be executed first.

"Source" The source of stream, stream1 or stream2.

The weekly and time schedules are provided.

**"Sun"** ~ **"Sat"** Select the days of the week to perform the event.

"Time" shows "Always" or input the time interval.

"Destination" CF or network storage server user added.

"Folder" The folder to put recording files. It is only used by CF.

"Total cycle recording size" The total size for cycle recording in Kbytes

"Size of each file for recording" The single file size in Kbytes

"File name prefix" The prefix name will be added on the file name of the recording.

🗿 Recording Settings - Microsoft Internet Explorer	
>Recording	~
Recording name:	
Enable this recording	
Priority: Normal 😪	
Source: Stream1 😪	
Recording Schedule	
🕑 Sun 🗹 Mon 🕑 Tue 🕑 Wed 🕑 Thu 🕑 Fri 🕑 Sat	
Time	
Always     Alw	
© From 00:00 to 24:00 [hh:mm]	
Destination CF 💌 Folder: Max. recording capacity	
(Old file will be overwritten after reaching maximum recording capacity.): 1000 Kbytes [1000~200000000]	
File size for each recording: 200 Kbytes [200~6000]	
File name prefix:	
Save Close	
🖉 Done 🖉 Internet	×

When click on the destination, a page appears listing all .mp4 files in that destination. User can select some files to delete or delete all files.

CF					
File list					
	vvtk0.mp4	209491	2007/02/10	16:09:33	
	vvtk1.mp4	477695	2007/02/10	16:10:33	
	vvtk2.mp4	497407	2007/02/10	16:11:19	
	vvtk3.mp4	482770	2007/02/10	16:12:06	
	vvtk4.mp4	486385	2007/02/10	16:12:58	
	vvtk5.mp4	467590	2007/02/10	16:13:42	

# System log

The Network camera support log the system messages on remote server. The protocol is compliant to RFC 3164. If you have external Linux server with syslogd service, use "-r" option to turn on the facility for receiving log from remote machine. Or you can use some software on Windows which is compliant to RFC 3164.

Check **"Enable remote log**" and input the **"IP address**" and **"port"** number of the log server to enable the remote log facility.

In the **"Current log"**, it displays the current system log file. The content of the log provides useful information about configuration and connection after system boot- up.

Remote Log		
Enable remote log		
.og server settings		
IP address		
port	514	
Save		
Current Log		
Feb 9 16:42:01 crond[357]: USER rd	act aid 20655 and are update	2
Feb 9 16:42:01 crond[357]: USER rc		
Feb 9 16:44:01 crond[357]: USER rc		
Feb 9 16:44:01 crond[357]: USER rc	것 같은 혐의 것은 것 같은 것 같은 것 것 것 것 것 같은 바람이 가 있는 것 것 것 같은	_
Feb 9 16:46:01 crond[357]: USER rc		
Feb 9 16:40:01 crond[357]: USER rc		
Feb 9 16:47:01 crond[357]: USER ro		
Feb 9 16:49:01 crond[357]: USER rd		
Feb 9 16:50:01 crond[357]: USER rd		
Feb 9 16:51:01 crond[357]: USER rd	10 (States) States 12 (States)	
Feb 9 16:52:01 crond[357]: USER rd		
Feb 9 16:53:01 crond[357]: USER rd		
Feb 9 16:54:01 crond[357]: USER rd	12.13 NO 12 D	
Feb 9 16:55:01 crond[357]: USER ro		
Feb 9 16:55:01 crond[357]: USER ro	and the second	
Feb 9 16:57:01 crond[357]: USER ro		
Feb 9 16:57:18 [RTSP SERVER]: Sto		
Feb 9 16:58:01 crond[357]: USER rd		
Feb 9 16:59:01 crond[357]: USER rc		
Feb 9 16:59:01 (PUSH SERVER): sto	가 있는 것이 같이 있는 것이 같이 있는 것이 같이 많이	

<url> http://<Network Camera>/setup/syslog.htm

<Network Camera> is the domain name or original IP address of the Network Camera.

# **Viewing system parameters**

Click on this link on the configuration page to view the entire system's parameter set.

#### >Parameter List

#### Parameter List



<url> http://<Network Camera>/setup/parafile.htm

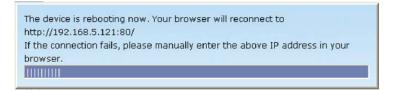
<Network Camera> is the domain name or original IP address of the Network Camera.

>

# Maintenance

This chapter explains how to restore the Network Camera to factory default, upgrade firmware version, etc.

**"Reboot"** Click this button to turn off and turn on the Network Camera. It takes about one ~ two minutes to complete the process. When completed, the live video will be displayed in your browser. The following message is displayed during the rebooting process.



If the connection fails after rebooting, manually enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field to resume the connection.

"**Restore**" Click this button to restore the Network Camera to factory default. Two settings can be excluded:

- Network Type : Select this option to retain the Network Type settings.
- Daylight Saving Time : Select this option to retain the Daylight Saving Time settings.

If none of the options is selected, all settings will be restored to factory default. The following message is displayed during the restoring process.



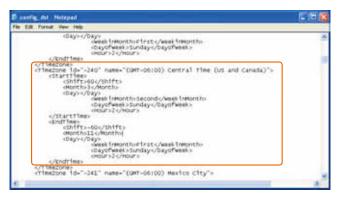
**"Upload / Export Daylight Saving Time Configuration File"** This feature allows you to set the starting time and ending time of DST.

In the Export Daylight Saving Time Configuration File Column, click Export to export an Extensible Markup Language (\*.xml) file from the Network Camera.

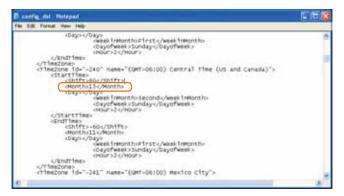


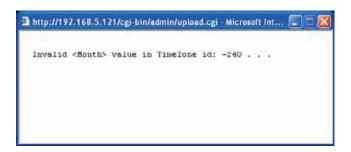
1 : Open the XML file using Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Notepad and locate your time zone; set the starting time and ending time of the DST. When completed, save the file.

In the example below, the DST begins each year at 2:00 a.m. on the second Sunday in March and ends at 2:00 a.m. on the first Sunday in November.



2 : In the Upload Column, click Browse... and specify the XML file. If the incorrect date and time is assigned, you will see the following warning message when uploading the file to the Network Camera.





3 : Click Upload. The Daylight Saving Time Configuration File is uploaded to the Network Camera.

The following message is displayed when attempting to upload an incorrect file format.

Microso	ft Internet Explorer	×
1	The file must have a .xml filename	e suffix,

"Upgrade Firmware" Click this button to upgrade the firmware on your Network Camera. It takes about five minutes to complete the process. Do not power down the Network Camera during the upgrade. The upgrade is successful as you see "Reboot system now!! This connection will close".

- 1 : Download a new firmware file from VIVOTEK website. The file is in pkg file format.
- 2 : Click Browse... and specify the firmware file.
- 3 : Click Upgrade. The Network Camera starts to upgrade and will reboot automatically when the upgrade completes.

The following message is displayed when the upgrade is succeeded. Manually access the Network camera after firmware upgrade.

VIVOTEK - A Leading Provider of Multimedia Communication Solutions

```
Starting firmware upgrade ...
Do not power down the server during the upgrade.
The server will restart automatically after the upgrade is completed.
It will takes about 1 - 5 minutes.
Firmware version : 127151-VVTK-01004
Support script version : 0101a
System image size = 3350272
Unpack success
Stopping applications (about 10 seconds...)
Running install
Opdating system image
File size = 3350280
Exasing flash...
Vriting new image.
1 % 2 %
                                             5 %
15 %
25 %
                         3 %
                                    4 %
                                                                                            9 %
                                                                                                      10 %
                                                           6 %
                                                                      7 %
                                                                                 8 %
 11 %
21 %
                      13 %
                                  14 %
24 %
                                                                    17 %
27 %
           12 %
22 %
                                                         16 %
26 %
                                                                               18 %
28 %
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29 %
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30 %
                      23 %
 31 %
            32 %
                       33 %
                                   34 %
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                                                                    37 %
                                                                                38 %
                                                                                           39 %
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54 %
 41 %
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            42 %
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                      43 %
53 %
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55 %
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56 %
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57 %
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58 %
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59 %
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60 %
                                                                    67 %
77 %
 61 %
            62 %
                        63 %
                                   64 %
                                              65 %
                                                         66 %
                                                                                68 %
                                                                                           69 %
                                                                                                      70 %
 71 %
81 %
                       73 %
83 %
                                  74 %
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                                              75 %
85 %
                                                         76 %
86 %
                                                                               78 %
88 %
                                                                                          70 %
89 %
            72 %
82 %
                                                                                                      80 5
                                                                    87 %
                                                                                                      90 %
 91 %
            92 %
                       93 %
                                   94 %
                                              95 %
                                                         96 %
                                                                    97 %
                                                                                98 %
                                                                                          99 %
                                                                                                    100 %
Write new image complete
Update system image success
Remove old web page
Opdating new web page
Clear boot specific data
Updating L1 boot
File size = 8192
Erasing flash ...
Writing new image...
Write new image complete
File size - 8192
Erasing flash.
Writing new image...
Write new image complete
Update L1 boot success
Updating L2 boot
File size = 55316
Erasing flash.
Writing now imago ...
Write new image complete
Update L2 boot success
Opdating araboot environment if necessary
Copied 8192 bytes from /ant/ramdisk/bootenv1 to address 0x00004000 in flash
Update armboot env success
Reboot system now II
This connection will close
```

The following message is displayed when you have selected an incorrect firmware file.

Starting firmware upgrade... Do not power down the server during the upgrade. The server will restart automatically after the upgrade is completed. It will takes about 1 - 5 minutes. Wrong PKG file format Unpack fail "CF Settings" Loading a CF card to the Network Camera allows you to save snapshots and video clips to it. To ensure that the card is ready to record, it is suggested that the CF card is formatted at initial usage.

#### To format the CF card:

- 1 : Insert a CF card in the Network Camera.
- 2 : Click Format CF card

The following message is displayed when the card is successfully formatted.

http://192.168.5.111/cgi-bin/admin/formatcf
Format CF successfully.
an Alton Constanting and an

#### To remove the CF card:

- 1 : Make sure there is no data transmission between the Network Camera and the CF card.
- 2 : Click Unload CF card and pull out the CF card from the Network Camera.

To test if the CF card can be applied to a recording setting, follow the steps below:

- 1 : Select Recording from the main menu.
- 2 : Click CF Test to see if the card is working correctly.

The following message is displayed when the card is successfully detected.

🖄 http://192.168.5.111/cgi-bin/admin/testcf.cgi - Micr... 🔳 🗖 🔀

Test CF card successfully. Thanks

For more information on how to record video clips to the CF card, please refer to the Recording section.

To test if the CF card can be applied to an event setting, follow the steps below:

- 1 : Select Application from the main menu.
- 2 : Click Add for Event Settings.
- 3 : Scroll down to Action and select the CF option
- 4 : Click CF Test to see if the card is working correctly.

The following message is displayed when the card is successfully detected.



For more information on how to save snapshots and video clips to the CF card when an event is triggered, please refer to the Application section.

>Maintenance			
- Reboot			
Reboot the device			
Reboot			
Restore			
Restore all settings to factory default ex	cept settings in		
Network Type	Daylight Saving Time		
Restore			
- Upload			
Update Daylight Saving Time Rules	Browse		
Upload			
— Export Daylight Saving Time Configu	ration File		
Get Daylight Saving Time Configuration File.			
Export			
— Upgrade firmware			
Select firmware file	Browse		
Upgrade			
CF Settings Format CF card			
Unload CF card			

<url> http://<Network Camera>/setup/maintain.htm

<Network Camera> is the domain name or original IP address of the Network Camera.

# Appendix

# A. Troubleshooting

# Status LED

The following table lists the LED patterns in general.

Condition	LED color	
Loading system after power on	on Steady green and blink red (once)	
During booting procedure	Steady green	
Detecting and setting network	Steady orange (green + red) till IP address	
	is confirmed	
After network is setup (system up)	Blink green / orange every second and	
	steady red	
During the upgrade firmware process	Blink green / orange every second and fast	
	blink red	

# **Reset and restore**

There is a button in the back of the Network Camera. It is used to reset the system or restore the factory default settings. Sometimes resetting the system sets the system back to normal state. If the system problems remain after reset, restore the factory settings and install again.



RESET: Click on the button. RESTORE:

- 1. Press on the button continuously.
- 2. Wait for self-diagnostic to run twice.
- 3. Free the button as soon as the second self-diagnostic starts.

Restoring the factory defaults will erase any previous settings. Reset or restore the system after power on.

# **B. URL commands of the Network Camera**

## **Overview**

For some customers who already have their own web site or web control application, Network Camera/Video server can be easily integrated through convenient URLs. This section specifies the external HTTP based application programming interface. The HTTP based camera interface provides the functionality to request a single image, to control camera functions (PTZ, output relay etc.) and to get and set internal parameter values. The image and CGI-requests are handled by the built in Web server.

## Style convention

In URL syntax and in descriptions of CGI parameters, a text within angle brackets denotes a content that is to be replaced with either a value or a string. When replacing the text string also the angle brackets shall be replaced. An example of this is the description of the name for the server, denoted with <servername> in the URL syntax description below, that is replaced with the string myserver in the URL syntax example, also below.

URL syntax' are written with the "Syntax:" word written in bold face followed by a box

with the referred syntax as seen below. The name of the server is written as <servername>. This is intended to be replaced with the name of the actual server. This can either be a name, e.g., "mywebcam" or "thecam.adomain.net" or the associated IP number for the server, e.g., 192.168.0.220.

Special note will be marked as **RED** words to take care.

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

Description of returned data is written with "**Return:**" in bold face followed by the returned data in a box. All data returned as HTTP formatted, i.e., starting with the string HTTP is line separated with a Carriage Return and Line Feed (CRLF) printed as r n.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 <HTTP code> <HTTP text>\r\n

URL syntax examples are written with "**Example:**" in bold face followed by a short description and a light grey box with the example.

Example: request a single snapshot image

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

## **General CGI URL syntax and parameters**

CGI parameters are written in lower-case and as one word without any underscores or other separators. When the CGI request includes internal camera parameters, the internal parameters must be written exactly as they are named in the camera or video server. The CGIs are organized in function related directories under the cgi-bin directory. The file extension of the CGI is required.

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/<subdir>[/<subdir>...]/<cgi>.<ext>
[?<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>...]]
```

#### **Example:** Setting digital output #1 to active

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?dol=1

# **Security level**

SECURITY	SUB-DIRECTORY	DESCRIPTION	
LEVEL			
0	anonymous	Unprotected.	
1 [view]	anonymous, viewer,	1. Can view, listen, talk to camera	
	dido, camctrl	2. Can control dido, ptz of camera	
4 [operator]	anonymous, viewer,	Operator's access right can modify most of	
	dido, camctrl,	camera's parameters except some privilege and	
	operator	network options	
6 [admin]	anonymous, viewer,	Administrator's access right can fully control the	
	dido, camctrl,	camera's operation.	
	operator, admin		
7	N/A	Internal parameters. Unable to be changed by	
		any external interface.	

## **Get server parameter values**

**Note:** The access right depends on the URL directory. **Method:** GET/POST

#### Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/anonymous/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operator/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]

```
[&<parameter>...]
```

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]
[&<parameter>...]
```

where the *<parameter>* should be *<group>*[\_*<name>*] or *<group>*[.*<name>*] If you do not specify the any parameters, all the parameters on the server will be returned. If you specify only *<group>*, the parameters of related group will be returned.

When query parameter values, the current parameter value are returned.

Successful control request returns paramter pairs as follows.

Return:
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/html\r\n
Context-Length: <length>\r\n</length>
\r\n
<pre><parameter pair=""></parameter></pre>
where <parameter pair=""> is</parameter>
<parameter>=<value>\r\n</value></parameter>
[ <parameter pair="">]</parameter>

<length> is the actual length of content.

Example: request IP address and it's response

```
Request:
http://192.168.0.123/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?network_ipaddress
```

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: 33\r\n \r\n  $network.ipaddress = 192.168.0.123 \ r\ n$ 

## Set server parameter values

**Note:** The access right depends on the URL directory. **Method:** GET/POST

#### Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/anonymous/setparam.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
[&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>][&return=<return page>]
```

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/operator/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION		
<group>_<name></name></group>	value to assigned	Assign <i><value></value></i> to the parameter <i><group>_<name></name></group></i>		
update	<boolean></boolean>	set to 1 to actually update all fields (no need to use		
		update parameter in each group)		
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the		
		parameter is assigned. The <return page=""> can be a</return>		
		full URL path or relative path according the the current		
		path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an		
		empty page.		
		(note: The return page can be a general HTML		
		file(.htm, .html) or a Vivotek server script executable		

(.vspx) file. It can not be a CGI command. It can not	
have any extra parameters. This parameter must	
put at end of parameter list)	

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n			
Content-Type: text/html\r\n			
Context-Length: <length>\r\n</length>			
\r\n			
<parameter pair=""></parameter>			
where <parameter pair=""> is</parameter>			
<parameter>=<value>\r\n</value></parameter>			

[<parameter pair>]

Only the parameters that you set and readable will be returned.

#### **Example:** Set the IP address of server to 192.168.0.123

Request: http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi?network\_ipaddress=192.168.0.123

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: 33\r\n \r\n network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

## Available parameters on the server

Valid values:

VALID VALUES

DESCRIPTION

string[ <n>]</n>	Text string shorter than 'n' characters	
password[ <n>]</n>	The same as string but display `*' instead	
integer	Any number between $(-2^{31} - 1)$ and $(2^{31} - 1)$	
positive integer	Any number between 0 and $(2^{32} - 1)$	
<m> ~ <n></n></m>	Any number between 'm' and 'n'	
domain name[ <n>]</n>	A string limited to contain a domain name shorter than 'n'	
	characters (eg. www.ibm.com)	
email address [ <n>]</n>	A string limited to contain a email address shorter than `n'	
	characters (eg. joe@www.ibm.com)	
ip address	A string limited to contain an ip address (eg. 192.168.1.1)	
mac address	dress A string limited to contain mac address without hyphen	
colon connected		
boolean A boolean value 1 or 0 represents [Yes or No], [True or		
	[Enable or Disable].	
<value1>,</value1>	Enumeration. Only given values are valid.	
<value2>,</value2>		
<value3>,</value3>		
blank	A blank string	
everything inside <>	As description	

NOTE: The camera should prevent to restart when parameter changed.

## Group: **system**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
hostname	string[40]	1/6	host name of server
ledoff	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	turn on(0) or turn off(1) all led
			indicators
date	<yyyy dd="" mm="">,</yyyy>	6/6	Current date of system. Set to
	keep,		'keep' keeping date unchanged.
	auto		Set to 'auto' to use NTP to
			synchronize date.

time	<hh:mm:ss>,</hh:mm:ss>	6/6	Current time of system. Set to
	keep,	0,0	'keep' keeping time unchanged.
	auto		Set to 'auto' to use NTP to
	auto		synchronize time.
ntn	<pre></pre>	6/6	NTP server
ntp		0/0	NIF Server
	name>,		
	<ip address="">,</ip>		
	 <blank></blank>	C.I.C.	
timezoneindex	-489 ~ 529	6/6	Indicate timezone and area
			-480: GMT-12:00 Eniwetok,
			Kwajalein
			-440: GMT-11:00 Midway
			Island, Samoa
			-400: GMT-10:00 Hawaii
			-360: GMT-09:00 Alaska
			-320: GMT-08:00 Las Vegas,
			San_Francisco,
			Vancouver
			-280: GMT-07:00 Mountain
			Time, Denver
			-281: GMT-07:00 Arizona
			-240: GMT-06:00 Central
			America, Central Time,
			Mexico City, Saskatchewan
			-200: GMT-05:00 Eastern Time,
			New York, Toronto
			-201: GMT-05:00 Bogota, Lima,
			Quito, Indiana
			-160: GMT-04:00 Atlantic Time,
			Canada, Caracas
			,La Paz, Santiago
			-140: GMT-03:30
			Newfoundland

-120: GMT-03:00 Brasilia,
Buenos Aires,
Georgetown, Greenland
-80: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic
-40: GMT-01:00 Azores,
Cape_Verde_IS.
0: GMT Casablanca, Greenwich
Mean Time:Dublin,
Edinburgh, Lisbon, London
40: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam,
Berlin, Rome,
Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid,
Paris
41: GMT 01:00 Warsaw,
Budapest, Bern
80: GMT 02:00 Athens,
Helsinki, Istanbul, Riga
81: GMT 02:00 Cairo
82: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk
83: GMT 02:00 Israel
120: GMT 03:00 Baghdad,
Kuwait, Riyadh,
Moscow, St. Petersburg, Nairobi
121: GMT 03:00 Iraq
140: GMT 03:30 Tehran
160: GMT 04:00 Abu Dhabi,
Muscat, Baku,
Tbilisi, Yerevan
180: GMT 04:30 Kabul
200: GMT 05:00 Ekaterinburg,
Islamabad, Karachi,
Tashkent
220: GMT 05:30 Calcutta,

Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi230: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu240: GMT 06:00 Almaty, Novosibirsk, Astana, Dhaka, Sri Jayawardenepura 260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon 280: GMT 07:00 Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta, Krasnoyarsk 320: GMT 08:00 Beijing, Chongging, Hong Kong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, Taipei 360: GMT 09:00 Osaka, Sapporo, Tokyo, Seoul, Yakutsk 380: GMT 09:30 Adelaide, Darwin 400: GMT 10:00 Brisbane, Canberra, Melbourne, Sydney, Guam, Vladivostok 440: GMT 11:00 Magadan, Solomon Is., New Caledonia 480: GMT 12:00 Aucklan, Wellington, Fiji, Kamchatka, Marshall Is. 520: GMT 13:00 Nuku'Alofaupdateinterval0,6/60 to Disable automatic time adjustment, otherwise, it means the seconds between NTP automatic update interval.				
230: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu 240: GMT 06:00 Almaty, Novosibirsk, Astana, Dhaka, Sri Jayawardenepura 260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon 280: GMT 07:00 Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta, Krasnoyarsk 320: GMT 08:00 Beijing, Chongging, Hong Kong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, Taipei 360: GMT 09:00 Osaka, Sapporo, Tokyo, Seoul, Yakutsk 380: GMT 09:30 Adelaide, Darwin 400: GMT 10:00 Brisbane, Canberra, Melbourne, Sydney, Guam, Vladivostok 440: GMT 11:00 Magadan, Solomon Is., New Caledonia 480: GMT 12:00 Aucklan, Wellington, Fiji, Kamchatka, Marshall Is. 520: GMT 13:00 Nuku'Alofaupdateinterval0, 3600, 86400,6/60 to Disable automatic time adjustment, otherwise, it means the seconds between				
240: GMT 06:00 Almaty, Novosibirsk, Astana, Dhaka, Sri Jayawardenepura 260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon 280: GMT 07:00 Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta, Krasnoyarsk 320: GMT 08:00 Beijing, Chongging, Hong Kong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, Taipei 360: GMT 09:00 Osaka, Sapporo, Tokyo, Seoul, Yakutsk 380: GMT 09:30 Adelaide, Darwin 400: GMT 10:00 Brisbane, Canberra, Melbourne, Sydney, Guam, Vladivostok 440: GMT 11:00 Magadan, Solomon Is., New Caledonia 480: GMT 12:00 Aucklan, Wellington, Fiji, Kamchatka, Marshall Is. 520: GMT 13:00 Nuku'Alofaupdateinterval0, 3600, 86400,6/60 to Disable automatic time adjustment, otherwise, it means the seconds between				
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86400, means the seconds between		-	-, -	
2592000				

restore	0, <positive integer&gt;</positive 	7/6	Restore the system parameters to default value. Restart the server after <value> seconds.</value>
reset	0, <positive integer&gt;</positive 	7/6	Restart the server after <value> seconds.</value>
restoreexceptnet	0, <positive integer&gt;</positive 	7/6	Restore the system parameters to default value except (ipaddress, subnet, router, dns1, dns2, ddns settings). Restart the server after <value> seconds.</value>

SubGroup of **system**: **info** (The fields in this group are unchangeable.)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
modelname	string[40]	0/7	model name of server
serialnumber	<mac address&gt;</mac 	0/7	12 characters mac address without hyphen connected
firmwareversion	string[40]	0/7	The version of firmware, including model, company, and version number in the format <model-brand-version></model-brand-version>
language_default	string[16]	0/7	Default webpage language.
language_count	<integer></integer>	0/7	number of webpage language available on the server
language_i<0~(cou nt-1)>	string[16]	0/7	Available language lists

### Group: status

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
di_i<0~(ndi-1)>	<boolean></boolean>	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal

			1 => Active, triggered
do_i<0~ndi-1)>	<boolean></boolean>	1/1	0 => Inactive, normal
			1 => Active, triggered
onlinenum_rtsp	integer	6/7	current RTSP connection
			numbers
onlinenum_httppush	integer	6/7	current HTTP push server
			connection numbers

# Group: di\_i<0~(ndi-1)>

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
normalstate	high,	1/1	indicate whether open circuit
	low		or closed circuit represents
			inactive status

### Group: **do\_i<0~(ndo-1)>**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
normalstate	open,	1/1	indicate whether open circuit or
	grounded		closed circuit represents
			inactive status

### Group: security

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
user_i0_name	string[64]	6/7	User's name of root
user_i<1~20>_name	string[64]	6/7	User's name
user_i0_pass	string [64]	6/6	Root's password
user_i<1~20>_pass	string [64]	7/6	User's password
user_i0_privilege	admin	6/7	Root's privilege
user_i<1~20>_	viewer,	6/6	User's privilege.

privilege	operator,	
	admin	

### Group: network

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
type	lan,	6/6	Network connection type
	рррое		
resetip	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	1 => get ipaddress, subnet,
			router, dns1, dns2 from DHCP
			server at next reboot
			0 => use preset ipaddress,
			subnet, rounter, dns1, and
			dns2
ipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	IP address of server
subnet	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	subnet mask
router	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	default gateway
dns1	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	primary DNS server
dns2	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	secondary DNS server
wins1	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	primary WINS server
wins2	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	secondary WINS server

### Subgroup of **network**: **ftp**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	21, 1025~65535	6/6	local ftp server port

### Subgroup of **network**: **http**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	80, 1025 ~	6/6	HTTP port
	65535		

alternateport	1025~65535	6/6	Alternative HTTP port
authmode	basic,	1/6	HTTP authentication mode
	digest		
s0_accessname	string[32]	1/6	Http server push access name
			for stream 1
s1_accessname	string[32]	1/6	Http server push access name
			for stream 2

### Subgroup of **network**: **rtsp**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	554, 1025 ~	6/6	RTSP port
	65535		
authmode	disable,	1/6	RTSP authentication mode
	basic,		
	digest		
s0_accessname	string[32]	1/6	RTSP access name for stream1
s1_accessname	string[32]	1/6	RTSP access name for stream2

### Subgroup of **rtsp\_s<0~(n-1)>**: **multicast**, n is stream count

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
alwaysmulticast	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable always multicast
ipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	4/4	Multicast IP address
videoport	1025 ~ 65535	4/4	Multicast video port
audioport	1025 ~ 65535	4/4	Multicast audio port
ttl	1 ~ 255	4/4	Mutlicast time to live value

### Subgroup of **network**: **rtp**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	

videoport	1025 ~ 65535	6/6	video channel port for RTP
audioport	1025 ~ 65535	6/6	audio channel port for RTP

### Subgroup of **network**: **pppoe**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
user	string[128]	6/6	PPPoE account user name
pass	password[64]	6/6	PPPoE account password

### Group: ipfilter

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
allow_i<0~9>_star	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Allowed starting IP address for
t	255.255.255.		RTSP connection
	255		
allow_i<0~9>_end	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Allowed ending IP address for
	255.255.255.		RTSP connection
	255		
deny_i<0~9>_start	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Denied starting IP address for
	255.255.255.		RTSP connection
	255		
deny_i<0~9>_end	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Denied ending IP address for
	255.255.255.		RTSP connection
	255		

### Group: videoin

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
cmosfreq	50, 60	4/4	CMOS frequency
whitebalance	auto,	4/4	auto, auto white balance
	indoor,		indoor, 3200K
	fluorescent,		fluorescent, 5500K
	outdoor		outdoor, > 5500K

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
color	0,1	4/4	0 =>monochrome
			1 => color
flip	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	flip the image
mirror	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	mirror the image
ptzstatus	<integer></integer>	1/7	An 32-bits integer, each bit can
			be set separately as follows:
			Bit 0 => Support camera
			control function 0(not
			support), 1(support)
			Bit 1 => <b>Build-in</b> or
			external camera. 0(external),
			1(build-in)
			Bit 2 => Support <b>pan</b>
			operation. 0(not support),
			1(support)
			Bit 3 => Support <b>tilt</b>
			operation. 0(not support),
			1(support)
			Bit 4 => Support <b>zoom</b>
			operation. 0(not support),
			1(support)
			Bit 5 => Support <b>focus</b>
			operation. 0(not support),
			1(support)
text	string[16]	4/4	enclosed caption
imprinttimestamp	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Overlay time stamp on video
maxexposure	1~120	4/4	Maximum exposure time
s<0~(m-1)>_codec	mpeg4,	4/4	video codec type
type	mjpeg		

### Group: videoin\_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel products, m is stream number

s<0~(m-1)>_keyin terval	1, 3, 5, 10, 30, 60, 90, 120	4/4	Key frame interval
s<0~(m-1)>_resol ution	176x144, 320x240, 640x480, 800x600, 1280x1024	4/4	Video resolution in pixel
s<0~(m-1)>_ratec ontrolmode	cbr, vbr	4/4	cbr, constant bitrate vbr, fix quality
s<0~(m-1)>_quant	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	4/4	quality of video when choosing vbr in "ratecontrolmode". 1 is worst quality and 5 is the best quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_bitrat e	20000, 30000, 40000, 50000, 64000, 128000, 256000, 384000, 512000, 512000, 768000, 1000000, 1200000, 1500000, 2000000, 3000000, 4000000	4/4	set bit rate in bps when choose cbr in "ratecontrolmode"
s<0~(m-1)>_maxfr ame	1, 2, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30 (only for	4/4	set maximum frame rate in fps

	NTSC or 60Hz		
	CMOS)		
s<0~(m-1)>_forcei	1	7/6	Force I frame

### Group: **audioin\_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
source	micin,	4/4	micin => use external
	linein		microphone input
			linein => use line input, i.e.
			internal microphone
mute	0,1	4/4	Enable audio mute
gain	0~31	4/4	Gain of input
boostmic	0,1	4/4	Enable microphone boost
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	aac4, gamr	4/4	set audio codec type for input
s<0~(m-1)>_aac4_bitrate	16000,	4/4	set AAC4 bitrate in bps
	32000,		
	48000,		
	64000,		
	96000,		
	128000		
s<0~(m-1)>_gamr_bitrate	4750,	4/4	set AMR bitrate in bps
	5150,		
	5900,		
	6700,		
	7400,		
	7950,		
	10200,		
	12200		

### Group: **image\_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products

NAME VALUE SECURITY DESCRIPTION
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		(get/set)	
brightness	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust brightness of image
			according to mode settings.
saturation	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust saturation of image
			according to mode settings.
contrast	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust contrast of image
			according to mode settings.
hue	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust hue of image according
			to mode settings.

Group: motion\_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	enable motion detection
win_i<0~2>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	enable motion window 1~3
win_i <0~2>_name	string[14]	4/4	name of motion window 1~3
win_i <0~2>_left	0 ~ 320	4/4	Left coordinate of window position.
win_i <0~2>_top	0 ~ 240	4/4	Top coordinate of window position.
win_i <0~2>_width	0 ~ 320	4/4	Width of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_height	0 ~ 240	4/4	Height of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_objsize	0 ~ 100	4/4	Percent of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_sensitivity	0 ~ 100	4/4	Sensitivity of motion detection window.

### Group: **ddns**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the dynamic

			dns.
provider	Safe100,	6/6	Safe100 => safe100.net
	DyndnsDynami		DyndnsDynamic =>
	с,		dyndns.org (dynamic)
	DyndnsCustom,		DyndnsCustom => dyndns.org
	TZO,		(custom)
	DHS,		TZO => tzo.com
	DynInterfree,		DHS => dhs.org
	PeanutHull,		DynInterfree
	CustomSafe100		=>dyn-interfree.it
			PeanutHull => peanut hull
			CustomSafe100 =>
			Custom server using safe100
			method
<provider>_hos</provider>	string[128]	6/6	Your dynamic hostname.
tname			
<provider>_usern</provider>	string[64]	6/6	Your user or email to login
ameemail			ddns service provider
<provider>_pass</provider>	string[64]	6/6	Your password or key to login
wordkey			ddns service provider
<provider>_serve</provider>	string[128]	6/6	The server name for safe100.
rname			(This field only exists for
			provider is customsafe100)

### Group: upnppresentation

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the UPNP
			presentation service.

### Group: upnpportforwarding

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	

enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the UPNP
			port forwarding service.
upnpnatstatus	0~3	6/7	The status of UpnP port
			forwarding, used internally.
			0 is OK, 1 is FAIL, 2 is no IGD
			router, 3 is no need to do port
			forwarding

### Group: syslog

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enableremotelog	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	enable remote log
serverip	<ip< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>Log server IP address</td></ip<>	6/6	Log server IP address
	address>		
serverport	514,	6/6	Server port used for log
	1025~65535		
level	0~7	6/6	The levels to distinguish the importance of information. 0: LOG_EMERG 1: LOG_ALERT 2: LOG_CRIT 3: LOG_ERR 4: LOG_WARNING 5: LOG_NOTICE 6: LOG_INFO 7: LOG_DEBUG

### Group: privacymask\_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable the privacy mask
win_i<0~4>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable the privacy mask

			window
win_i<0~4>_name	string[14]	4/4	The name of privacy mask window
win_i<0~4>_left	0 ~ 320/352	4/4	Left coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~4>_top	0 ~ 240/288	4/4	Top coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~4>_width	0 ~ 320/352	4/4	Width of privacy mask window
win_i<0~4>_height	0 ~ 240/288	4/4	Height of privacy mask window

### Group: capability

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
api_http_version	0200a	0/7	The HTTP API version.
bootuptime	<positive integer&gt;</positive 	0/7	The server bootup time
nir	0, <positive integer&gt;</positive 	0/7	number of IR interface
ndi	0, <positive integer&gt;</positive 	0/7	number of digital input
ndo	0, <positive integer&gt;</positive 	0/7	number of digital output
naudioin	0, <positive integer&gt;</positive 	0/7	number of audio input
naudioout	0, <positive integer&gt;</positive 	0/7	number of audio output

nvideoin	<positive integer&gt;</positive 	0/7	number of video input
nmediastream	<positive integer&gt;</positive 	0/7	number of media stream per channel
nvideosetting	<positive integer&gt;</positive 	0/7	number of video settings per channel
naudiosetting	<positive integer&gt;</positive 	0/7	number of audio settings per channel
nuart	0, <positive integer&gt;</positive 	0/7	number of UART interface
ptzenabled	< boolean >	0/7	indicate whether to support PTZ control
protocol_https	< boolean >	0/7	indicate whether to support http over SSL
protocol_rtsp	< boolean >	0/7	indicate whether to support rtsp
protocol_sip	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support sip
protocol_maxconnection	<positive integer&gt;</positive 	0/7	The maximum allowed simultaneous connections
protocol_rtp_multicast_ scalable	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support scalable multicast
protocol_rtp_multicast_ backchannel	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support backchannel multicast
protocol_rtp_tcp	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support rtp over tcp
protocol_rtp_http	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support rtp over http
protocol_spush_mjpeg	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support server push motion jpeg
protocol_snmp	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support snmp

videoin_type	0, 1, 2	0/7	0 => Interlaced CCD 1 => Progressive CCD 2 => CMOS
videoin_resolution	<a list="" of="" the<br="">available resolution separates by comma)</a>	0/7	available resolutions list
videoin_codec	<a list="" of="" the<br="">available codec types separaters by comma)</a>	0/7	available codec list
videoout_codec	<a list="" of="" the<br="">available codec types separaters by comma)</a>	0/7	available codec list
audio_aec	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support acoustic echo cancellation
audio_extmic	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support external microphone input
audio_linein	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support external line input
audio_lineout	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support line output
audio_headphoneout	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support headphone output
audioin_codec	<a list="" of="" the<br="">available codec types separaters by comma)</a>	0/7	available codec list

audioout_codec	<a list="" of="" the<br="">available codec types separaters by comma)</a>	0/7	available codec list
camctrl_httptunnel	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the http tunnel for camera control
uart_httptunnel	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the http tunnel for uart transfer
transmission_mode	Tx, Rx, Both	0/7	Indicate what kind of transmission mode the machine used. TX: server, Rx: receiver box, Both: DVR?.
network_wire	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the Ethernet
network_wireless	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless
wireless_802dot11b	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless 802.11b+
wireless_802dot11g	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless 802.11g
wireless_encrypt_wep	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless WEP
wireless_encrypt_wpa	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless WPA
wireless_encrypt_wpa2	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless WPA2

### Group: event\_i<0~2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
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		(get/set)	
name	string[40]	6/6	The identification of this entry
enable	0, 1	6/6	To enable or disable this event.
priority	0, 1, 2	6/6	Indicate the priority of this event.
			"0" indicates low priority.
			"1" indicates normal priority.
	1 000		"2" indicates high priority.
delay	1~999	6/6	Delay seconds before detect next event.
trigger	boot,	6/6	Indicate the trigger condition.
	di,		"boot" indicates system boot.
	motion,		"di" indicates digital input.
	seq,		"motion" indicates video motion
			detection.
			"seq" indicates periodic condition.
di	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate which di detected.
			This field is required when trigger
			condition is "di".
			One bit represents one digital input.
			The LSB indicates DI 0.
mdwin	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate which motion detection
			windows detected.
			This field is required when trigger
			condition is "md".
			One bit represents one window.
			The LSB indicates the 1 <sup>st</sup> window.
			For example, to detect the 1 <sup>st</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup>
			windows, set mdwin as 5.
inter	1~999	6/6	Interval of period snapshot in minute.
			This field is used when trigger
			condition is "seq".

weekday	<interger></interger>	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled.
			One bit represents one weekday.
			The bit0 (LSB) indicates Saturday.
			The bit1 indicates Friday.
			The bit2 indicates Thursday.
			The bit3 indicates Wednesday.
			The bit4 indicates Tuesday.
			The bit5 indicates Monday.
			The bit6 indicates Sunday.
			For example, to detect events on
			Friday and Sunday, set weekday as 66.
begintime	hh:mm	6/6	Begin time of weekly schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	6/6	End time of weekly schedule.
			(00:00 ~ 24:00 means always.)
action_do_i<0~(nd	0, 1	6/6	To enable or disable trigger digital
o-1)>_enable			output.
action_do_i<0~(nd	1~999	6/6	The duration of digital output is
o-1)>_duration			triggered in seconds.
action_cf_enable	0.1	6/6	To enable put media on CF.
action_cf_folder	string[128]	6/6	The path to store media.
action_cf_media	NULL, 0~4	6/6	The index of attached media.
action_server_i<0~	0, 1	6/6	To enable or disable this server action.
4>_enable			The default value is 0.
action_server_i<0~	NULL, 0~4	6/6	The index of attached media.
4>_media			
·			

### Group: server\_i<0~4>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
name	string[40]	6/6	The identification of this entry

type	email,	6/6	Indicate the server type.
	ftp,		"email" is email server.
	http,		"ftp" is ftp server.
	ns		"http" is http server.
			"ns" is network storage.
http_url	string[128]	6/6	The url of http server to upload.
http_username	string[64]	6/6	The username to login in the server.
http_passwd	string[64]	6/6	The password of the user.
ftp_address	string[128]	6/6	The ftp server address
ftp_username	string[64]	6/6	The username to login in the server.
ftp_passwd	string[64]	6/6	The password of the user.
ftp_port	0~65535	6/6	The port to connect the server.
ftp_location	string[128]	6/6	The location to upload or store the
			media.
ftp_passive	0,1	6/6	To enable or disable the passive mode.
			0 is to disable the passive mode.
			1 is to enable the passive mode.
email_address	string[128]	6/6	The email server address
email_username	string[64]	6/6	The username to login in the server.
email_passwd	string[64]	6/6	The password of the user.
email_senderemail	string[128]	6/6	The email address of sender.
email_recipientemail	string[128]	6/6	The email address of recipient.
ns_location	string[128]	6/6	The location to upload or store the
			media.
ns_username	string[64]	6/6	The username to login in the server.
ns_passwd	string[64]	6/6	The password of the user.
ns_workgroup	string[64]	6/6	The workgroup for network storage.

Group: media\_i<0~4>

PARAMETER	VALUE		DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
name	string[40]	6/6	The identification of this entry
type	snapshot,	6/6	The media type to send to the server
	systemlog		or store by the server.
	videoclip		
snapshot_source	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream.
			0 means the first stream.
			1 means the second stream and etc.
snapshot_prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
snapshot_datesuffix	0, 1	6/6	To add date and time suffix to
			filename or not.
			1 means to add date and time suffix.
			0 means not to add it.
snapshot_preevent	0 ~ 7	6/6	It indicates the number of pre-event
			images.
snapshot_postevent	0 ~ 7	6/6	The number of post-event images.
videoclip_source	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream.
			0 means the first stream.
			1 means the second stream and etc.
videoclip_prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
videoclip_preevent	0~9	6/6	It indicates the time of pre-event
			recording in seconds.
videoclip_maxduration	1 ~ 10	6/6	The time of maximum duration of one
			video clip in seconds.
videoclip_maxsize	50 ~ 1500	6/6	The maximum size of one video clip
			file in Kbytes.

# Group: record\_i<0~1>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
name	string[40]	6/6	The identification of this entry

enable	0, 1	6/6	To enable or disable this recoding.
priority	0, 1, 2	6/6	Indicate the priority of this recoding.
	0, 1, 2	0,0	"0" indicates low priority.
			"1" indicates normal priority.
			"2" indicates high priority.
source	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream.
Source	sinceger>	0,0	0 means the first stream.
			1 means the second stream and etc.
weekday	<interger></interger>	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled.
weekday	<interger></interger>	0/0	One bit represents one weekday.
			The bit0 (LSB) indicates Saturday.
			The bit1 indicates Friday.
			The bit2 indicates Thursday.
			The bit3 indicates Wednesday.
			The bit4 indicates Tuesday.
			The bit5 indicates Monday.
			The bit6 indicates Sunday.
			For example, to detect events on
			Friday and Sunday, set weekday as 66.
begintime	hh:mm	6/6	Begin time of weekly schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	6/6	End time of weekly schedule.
			(00:00~24:00 means always.)
prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
cyclesize	<integer></integer>	6/6	The maximum size for cycle recording
			in Kbytes.
maxfilesize	200~6000	6/6	The max size for one file in Kbytes
dest	cf,	6/6	The destination to store the recording
	0~4		data.
			"cf" means CF card.
			"0~4" means the index of network
			storage.
cffolder	string[128]	6/6	folder name.

# Drive the digital output

**Note:** This request requires the privilege of viewer. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://< <i>servername</i> >/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=< <i>state</i> >[&do2= <state>]</state>
[&do3= <state>][&amp;do4=<state>][&amp;return=&lt;<i>return page</i>&gt;]</state></state>

Where state is 0, 1. "0" means inactive or normal state while "1" means active or triggered state.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
do <num></num>	0, 1	0 – inactive, normal state
		1 – active, triggered state
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < return page > after the
		parameter is assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be
		a full URL path or relative path according the the
		current path. If you omit this parameter, it will
		redirect to an empty page.

**Example:** Drive the digital output 1 to triggered state and redirect to an empty page http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

### Query status of the digital input

**Note:** This request requires the privilege of viewer. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?[di0][&di1][&di2][&di3]

If no parameter is specified, all the status of digital input will be returned.

Return: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: <*length*>\r\n \r\n [di0=<*state*>]\r\n [di1=<*state*>]\r\n [di2=<*state*>]\r\n [di3=<*state*>]\r\n

where *<state>* can be 0 or 1.

**Example:** Query the status of digital input 1

Request: http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?di1

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: 7\r\n \r\n di1=1\r\n

### Query status of the digital output

**Note:** This request requires the privilege of viewer. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?[do0][&do1][&do2][&do3]

If no parameter is specified, all the status of digital output will be returned.

Return: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: <*length*>\r\n \r\n [do0=<*state*>]\r\n [do1=<*state*>]\r\n [do2=<*state*>]\r\n [do3=<*state*>]\r\n

where <*state*> can be 0 or 1.

#### **Example:** Query the status of digital output 1

Request: http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?dol

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: 7\r\n \r\n do1=1\r\n

### Capture single snapshot

**Note:** This request require normal user privilege **Method:** GET/POST

#### Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg?[channel=<value>][&resolution=<value>] [&quality=<value>]

If the user requests the size larger than all stream setting on the server, this request will failed!

quality	1~5	3	The quality of image
	resolution>		
resolution	<available< th=""><th>0</th><th>The resolution of image</th></available<>	0	The resolution of image
channel	0~(n-1)	0	the channel number of video source
PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION

Server will return the most up-to-date snapshot of selected channel and stream in JPEG format. The size and quality of image will be set according to the video settings on the server.

#### Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: image/jpeg\r\n [Content-Length: <image size>\r\n]

<binary JPEG image data>

### Account management

**Note:** This request requires administrator privilege **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http:// servername /cgi-bin/ dmin/edit cco nt.cgi?
method=<value>&username=<name>[&userpass=<value>][&privilege=<value>]

[&privilege=<value>][...][&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
method	add	Add an account to server. When using this method,
		"username" field is necessary. It will use default
		value of other fields if not specified.
	delete	Remove an account from server. When using this
		method, "username" field is necessary, and others
		are ignored.
	edit	Modify the account password and privilege. When
		using this method, "username" field is necessary,
		and other fields are optional. If not specified, it will
		keep original settings.
username	<name></name>	The name of user to add, delete or edit
userpass	<value></value>	The password of new user to add or that of old user
		to modify. The default value is an empty string.
privilege	<value></value>	The privilege of user to add or to modify.
	viewer	viewer's privilege
	operator	operator's privilege
	admin	administrator's privilege
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page <return page=""> after the</return>
		parameter is assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a
		full URL path or relative path according the the
		current path. If you omit this parameter, it will
		redirect to an empty page.

# System logs

**Note:** This request require administrator privilege **Method:** GET/POST

#### Syntax:

http:// servername /cgi-bin/ dmin/sys og.cgi

Server will return the up-to-date system log.

Return: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: <syslog length>\r\n \r\n <system log information>\r\n

### **Upgrade firmware**

**Note:** This request requires administrator privilege Method: POST

Syntax:

http:// servername /cgi-bin/ dmin/ pgr de.cgi

#### Post data:

fimage=<file name>[&return=<return page>]\r\n \r\n <multipart encoded form data>

Server will accept the upload file named <file name> to be upgraded the firmware and return with <return page> if indicated.

# **IP** filtering

**Note:** This request requires administrator access privilege **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/ipfilter.cgi? method=<value>&[start=<*ipaddress*>&end=<*ipaddress*>][&index=<*value*>] [&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
Method	addallow	Add a set of allow IP address range to server. Start
		and end parameters must be specified. If the index
		parameter is specified, it will try to add starting
		from index position.
	adddeny	Add a set of deny IP address range to server. Start
		and end parameters must be specified. If the index
		parameter is specified, it will try to add starting
		from index position.
	deleteallow	Remove a set of allow IP address range from
		server. If start and end parameters are specified, it
		will try to remove the matched IP address. If index
		is specified, it will try to remove the address from
		given index position. [start, end] parameters have
		higher priority then the [index] parameter.
	deletedeny	Remove a set of deny IP address range from
		server. If start and end parameters are specified, it
		will try to remove the matched IP address. If index
		is specified, it will try to remove the address from
		given index position. [start, end] parameters have
		higher priority then the [index] parameter.

start	<ip address=""></ip>	The start IP address to add or to delete.
end	<ip address=""></ip>	The end IP address to add or to delete.
index	<value></value>	The start position to add or to delete.
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative path according the the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

## **RTSP SDP**

**Note:** This request requires viewer access privilege **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/viewer/<0~(n-1)>/<network_accessname_<0~(m-1)>>
rtsp://<servername>/<0~(n-1)>/<network_accessname_<0~(m-1)>>
```

"n" is the channel number and "m" is the stream number.

You can get the SDP by HTTP or just describe by RTSP protocol directly. For detailed streaming protocol, please refer to "control signaling" and "data format" documents.

# **C.** Technical specifications

#### - System

CPU: Vivotek VVTK-1000 RAM: 64MB SDRAM ROM: 8MB FLASH ROM

#### - Networking

Protocol TCP/IP, HTTP, SMTP, FTP, DDNS, UPnP, Telnet, NTP, DNS, DHCP and RTSP Physical 10 baseT or 100 baseT Fast Ethernet auto negotiation

### - Video

Algorithm supported MPEG4(simple profile) for streaming video JPEG for still image

#### Features

Adjustable image size, quality and bit rate Time stamp and text overlay

3 motion detection windows

#### Resolution

Motion JPEG video with resolution up to 1280x1024 MPEG-4 video with resolution up to 800x600 1280x1024 or 800x600 up to 7.5 fps 640x480 up to 30/25 fps

#### - Camera Specification

Micron MT9M111 1/3 inch SOC MegaPixel CMOS Resolution: 1280x1024 1.0 V/lux-sec (550nm) Auto exposure, AWB, auto black reference (ABR), auto flicker avoidance, auto color saturation, auto defect identification and correction Electronic rolling Shutter (ERS)

#### - Lens

Fixed focal with fine tuning, 4.0mm, F2.0

#### - Audio

AAC, GSM-AMR

#### - Microphone

Internal microphone: Omni-directional Frequency: 50 – 16000Hz S/N ratio: more than 60dB External microphone

- LED indicator Dual color status indicator

### - Dimension

IP7138: 147mm(L) x 96mm(W) x 47mm(H)

### - Weight

NET. 276g

#### - Power

Input: 100-240VAC, 50/60Hz, 0.5A Output: 12VDC, 2A Power Consumption:4.4W

#### - Operating Environment

Temperature: 0-50°C/32-122°F Humidity: 95%RH

- EMI & Safety

CE, FCC

#### - Viewing system requirement Operating system

Microsoft Windows 2000/XP Browser Internet Explorer 6.x or above Firefox 1.5.0.x or above

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# **Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)**

This device compiles with FCC Rules Part 15. Operation is subject to the following two conditions.

• This device may not cause harmful interference, and

• This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

**USA** - This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a partial installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

-- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

-- Increase the seperation between the equipment and receiver.

-- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

-- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with emission limits.

**Europe (€** - This digital equipment fulfills the requirement for radiated emission according to limit B of EN55022/1998, and the requirement for immunity according to EN50082-1/1992.

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